Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.*

VOL. XXXV NO. 169 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

ROYAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Available From Ready Stock

VITA Safety Razors (Metal & Bakelite).
—Do— Safety Razor Blades.
—Do— Tooth Paste.
—Do— Tooth Brushes.
—Do— Prophylactics.

And Zipp fasteners, Steel Nibs, Cycle Clips and other American & English Consumer Goods.

At

NEW YORK TRADING CO.

Prospect Chambers Annexe.
Hornby Road Bombay 1

LORDS SEND INDIA BILL FOR ROYAL ASSENT

All Readings Rushed Through In Five Hours

SAMUEL'S TRIBUTE TO GANDHIJI'S INFLUENCE

Creed Of Non-Violence Averted Open Rebellion

LONDON, July 16, (Reuter): The House of Lords tonight passed the Indian Independence Bill through all its stages. It now only awaits the formal Royal assent on Friday to become law.

Moving the second reading of the Indian Independence Bill in the House of Lords today, Lord Listowel, the Secretary of State for India, said the Bill would mark the emergence of two Asian Dominions as equal partners in the Commonwealth.

Lord Linlithgow, former Viceroy of India was unable to take part in today's debate on the bill owing to indisposition.

Lord Listowel said: "Our record during the British connection with India is, on the whole, and despite mistakes and failures, which one must hope our Indian friends will forgive, a record of efficient administration, ungrudging service and a broadening of freedom and is something of which our fellow countrymen can feel justly proud."

During this period, Lord Listowel said, the authorities both at home and in India had displayed an understanding, not exceeded by the genius of the Romans, of the political requirements of a society wholly different from their own.

POLITICAL DEMOCRACIES

After mentioning the milestones on India's road to full nationhood, Lord Listowel said the new Dominions would remain in form as well as in spirit political democracies.

He mentioned as a most interesting matter that it was reported that the Constituent Assembly had recommended that the new Dominion of India should have a bicameral federal legislature of which the Upper House would be called the Council of State and the Lower Chamber, the House of the People.

Lord Listowel deplored the fact that British India would reach maturity as two nations instead of one, but said it was surely better that India should be divided by mutual consent than that she should remain united against her will and be thrown ultimately into the convulsion of civil strife.

HOPES OF REUNION

It was greatly to be hoped that when the disadvantages of separation had come to light, the two Dominions would agree to reunite in a single unit which might achieve a foremost position in world affairs.

There was one thing which might counter-balance the disadvantage of division. Both Dominions would start their careers with full independence as partners in the British Commonwealth of Nations. They would share the advantages of equal and independent States.

Partition would leave the two nations not foreign countries unrelated to each other but members of a group of like-minded nations which marked their affinity by common citizenship under a common crown.

Their membership of the Commonwealth would impose a moral obligation to co-operation in all matters of external policy, finance, the organisation of their trade and production. These should be supplementary instead of being conflicting in character.

Paying a tribute to the Viceroy, Lord Listowel said, turning points in history occurred when the right or the wrong men appeared on the scene at the critical moment.

Lord Mountbatten had arrived at a critical juncture and showed the qualities necessary to set India's affairs upon a favourable course. Everyone would rejoice that he was to serve the new Dominion of India.

ADVICE TO STATES

In a reference to the states, Lord Listowel said: "We shall not use the slightest pressure either way. It could however hardly be doubted that it would be in the interests of India that all the states should find their proper place in the course of time in one or other of the two Dominions".

The success of the future relationship between the Dominions and the States presupposed genuine goodwill on both sides. It was hoped that Congress would not use its political strength to impose its will. Lord Listowel declared, and Mr. Jinnah had also stated most emphatically that the Government of Pakistan

(Continued On Page 5)

Mother India's Twin States

Lord Pethick-Lawrence, welcomed both the Dominions into the Commonwealth, where he hoped they would find a lasting home.

"Mother India has been in labour for a long time and everyone has been wondering what would be the character of the infant that would come into being. Lo and behold! instead of one State emerging from the womb of Mother India, twin States are emerging."

KING'S ASSENT TOMORROW

The measure, rushed through all its stages in the Upper House in about five hours, was greeted with the wholehearted approval of both Labour and Conservative Peers, many of whom had been closely associated with Indian affairs for the past two decades.

One of the few dissenting voices was that of Lord Selbourne, Conservative, who declared that he regarded the future of India under this settlement as a relapse into that internecine warfare from which Britain rescued it. He would be surprised, he said, if other countries did not intervene in that warfare either openly or secretly.

Only one act remains in the constitutional drama—the Royal Commission which on Friday in the House of Lords will proclaim the King's Assent to the Bill.

Tripartite Defence Pact

LONDON, July 16 (UPA).—It was learned today that the presence here of Lord Ismay, Viceroy Mountbatten's Chief of Staff, is connected with a tripartite defence pact between India, Pakistan and Britain, and also the settlement of the dependent territories, including Bahrein, Kuwait, Muscat, Trucial Oman, the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, and Bhutan State.

Burma, it was further learned, could choose to become attached to the pact if it so desired. It was understood, however, that Burma has not yet decided whether she will adhere to the British Commonwealth or an independence similar to Iraq.

An official communique announcing the Burmese decision is expected on July 24 on which date the British Parliament will introduce the Burma "Independence Bill" and debate Burma's future status. From the viewpoint of defence considerations, it was understood Britain would prefer that Burma remains within the Commonwealth.

High Commissioner For India In U. K.

NEW DELHI, July 16 (UPI).—Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Pandit Nehru's personal envoy in Europe, is understood to have been selected as the High Commissioner for India in the United Kingdom.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER
New York, July 16.

Previous Closing	34.79
Today's Opening	34.99
Difference	- 20
Today's Closing	35.30
Difference	+51

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, July 16.

New York Stock Exchange Opening prices.

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors 60-1/4
United States Steel Common 75
United States Steel preference 146-1/2

LATEST QUOTATIONS
Bombay, July 16.

	Rs.	as.
Cotton Sept.	452	12
Silver Ready	170	15
Silver Tukda	170	10
Gold Ready	111	14
Sovereign	73	8

Mr. K. M. Munshi addressing Constituent Assembly members who met last Sunday to discuss the agenda for the Monday session of the Assembly. To his left are seen Sardar Patel and Pandit Nehru and to the right Acharya Kripalani and Mr. Sinha.

Transfer Of Power Leads To Br. Cabinet Reshuffle

Henderson To Be Minister Of State Providing Link For India And Burma

LONDON, July 16 (Reuter): The British Government re-shuffle, rendered necessary by the transfer of power to India, is expected to result in the appointment of Under-Secretary for India, Mr. Arthur Henderson, to the post of Minister of State and a new line up of other Commonwealth Relations Portfolios, according to informed London quarters to-night, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent.

The new position, such quarters think, will be as follows:—

First, Commonwealth Relations Secretary of State Lord Addison—who is Government Leader in the House of Lords—as supreme link between Britain and her Commonwealth partners. Second, Lord Listowel as Secretary of State for Burma alone. Third, Mr. Arthur Henderson as Minister of State providing a British link with the Dominions of India and Pakistan and also acting as Lord Listowel's counterpart on Burma matters in the House of Commons. Fourth, Mr. Arthur Bottomley, in his present post of Commonwealth Relations Under-Secretary of State.

It is pointed out that the arrangement of Mr. Henderson providing the link for India and Burma presents no constitutional difficulty, as a Minister of State can act for any portfolio, and there is a precedent in the case of Mr. Hector McNeil.

Mr. McNeil is ordinarily second Foreign Minister to Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin, but on occasions he answers for various other portfolios. In view of the fact that the Secretaryship of State for Burma and the Burma Office will only exist for a limited time, the continuation of Lord Listowel in this post would seem much more probable than the appointment of a new Minister strange to the task.

Equally Mr. Henderson, already linked intimately with the Burma picture, would have no difficulty in combining this work in the Commons with his job of providing 'liaison' between Britain and the two Dominions of India and Pakistan. As in Lord Listowel's case, there would, it is thought be little object in appointing a fresh and untried Under-Secretary of State for Burma in view of the early end of that portfolio.

'SAVE EUROPE' TALKS

Bevin Confident Of Good Results

LONDON, July 16, (Reuter): Mr. Ernest Bevin the British Foreign Secretary arrived back in London by air from the Paris "Save Europe" talks today.

Mr. Bevin drove off immediately to report to Premier Attlee and other members of the Cabinet on the opening stages of the 16-power Aid to Europe Conference.

Tomorrow he will go to Hastings Sussex to make what is expected to be an important policy speech at the Conference of the Transport and General Workers Union.

Before taking off from Paris, Mr. Bevin said: "The Conference could not have had a better start. All the essential problems were taken up, and I have the greatest confidence in their results".

Mr. Bevin had earlier presided at the first meeting of the European Committee of So-opeartion, set up by the Paris Conference on the Marshall plan. This Committee of Experts is to assess the resources and the needs of Europe and complete its task in time for the full report to be sent to the United States by September 1.

After the meeting, Mr. Bevin had conversation with M. Georges Bidault the French Foreign Minister at the Quai D'Orsai.

U. S. Not To Withdraw From Korea

WASHINGTON, July 16, (Reuter): Mr. George Marshall, United States Secretary of State, said today that the United States would not withdraw from the negotiations now going on with Soviet Russia in Korea.

He was replying at a press conference to a question about the deadlock that developed recently in the work of the United States—Soviet Joint Commission on Korea.

The deadlock developed from disagreement over the Korean parties to take part in the provisional Korean Government which the commission is endeavouring to set up.

TEXTILE BONUS DISPUTE

Industrial Court's Award

BOMBAY, July 16 (API).—Sir Harshidbhai Divatia, President of the Industrial Court, Bombay, today gave his award in the dispute between the Textile Labour Association, Ahmedabad and the Ahmedabad Millowners Association over the question of bonus.

According to the decision, all employees earnings Rs. 250 or less per month, will be given one fifth of their earnings in 1946 as bonus, those who worked less than 75 days but more than 32 in a year will be getting 50 per cent of this bonus. Employees who worked for less than 32 days will get no bonus.

The bonus is to be paid in lump sum on or before August 8 next to all existing employees. Employees who are not working at present but are entitled to bonus will get it on September 11 provided claims are submitted before September 2.

INDO-SOVIET OPPOSITION TO U. S. PROPOSAL

LAKE SUCCESS, July 16 (Reuter): Against determined opposition by India, the Philippines and Russia the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East today decided that colonial powers should retain the initiative in regard to admission to the commission as associated members of non-self governing territories.

ISMAY FOR INDIA

LONDON, July 16, (Reuter): General Lord Ismay, Chief of Staff to Admiral Lord Mountbatten, Viceroy of India, is expected to leave London again for India tomorrow, following the completion of Indian Independence Bill.

STOP PRESS

BR. FOREIGN OFFICE DENIAL

LONDON, July 16 (Reuter): A British Foreign Office spokesman emphatically denied to-day that British troops of any kind were actively fighting the guerillas in Greece.

WORLD'S FOOD POSITION STILL CRITICAL

WASHINGTON, July 16 (U.P.A.): Renewed warnings that European food shortages still were critical and difficulties stand in the way of the United States plans to export 400,000,000 bushels of wheat were laid before President Truman.

MAHATMA ON DRAVIDISTAN

Myth To Consider Those Living South Of Vindhyas As Non-Aryans

NEW DELHI, July 16 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi in his post-prayer speech referred to the movement for Dravidistan and said that it was a myth to consider that those living in the south of the Vindhya Range were non-Aryans and in the north, Aryans. Whatever they might have been at one time, they were so intermixed that they were one people from Kashmir to the Cape Comorin notwithstanding that India was cut into two.

It would be a folly to make further divisions, he added. If they did not stop at that division, there would be no end to independent sovereign States which would be useless for India and the world.

He abjured them and especially the people of the South to give up the thraldom of the English language which was good as a language of international commerce and diplomacy. It could never become the language of the millions of India. The century or more of British rule had failed to make English spoken by more than a few millions in this ocean of Indian humanity. If they looked at the census they would discover that more millions spoke Hindustani written in Nagri or Urdu scripts. He was asked whether they could learn it in their own provincial script. He had no objection.

CALLERS ON MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, July 16, (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Mr. B. G. Kher called on Mahatma Gandhi today.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru today conferred with provincial premiers who are here in connection with the Constituent Assembly session.

PUNJAB SECRETARIAT'S DIVISION

LAHORE, July 16, (API.) The Punjab Partition Committee has fixed July 22 as the last date for carrying out division of personnel between the East and West Secretariats.

By August 5 all appointments will have been made. Between that date and August 10 the two parallel secretariats will function in different wings of the Civil Secretariat.

RADCLIFFE LEAVES FOR DELHI

LAHORE, July 16, (API.) Sir Cyril Radcliffe, Chairman of the Punjab Boundary Commission, who was to have made an aerial survey of some parts of the province today, cancelled the proposed flight owing to bad weather. He left for Delhi today.

It is understood that Sir Cyril will not attend the sittings of the Punjab Boundary Commission, but arrangements will be made to supply him daily with verbating reports of the proceedings.

NO SCRAPPING OF IMPERIAL PREFERENCES

LONDON, July 16, (Reuter): Imperial Preferences are to remain as the basis of inter-Commonwealth and inter-Empire trade. This information was given by Mr. Sidney F. Waterson, South African Minister of Economic Development and Mines, in London today when he was questioned at a press conference on the fate of the Imperial Preferences at the Geneva Trade and tariff talks. "As a result of the Geneva talks 'Imperial Preferences' are not being scrapped", he declared emphatically, adding that in some respects they were being reduced.

14 GERMANS ARRESTED IN SHANGHAI

SHANGHAI, July 16, (Reuter): Chinese Garrison authorities here today announced the arrest of 14 Germans, including three women and two children. No names were given and the charges were not disclosed.

Chinese press reports alleged that all the 14 were suspected of Nazi leanings and that their homes had been sealed.

10 U. S. MERCHANT SHIPS FOR TURKEY

WASHINGTON, July 16, (A.P.A.): The United States Secretary of State, George C. Marshall announced today that the United States was taking steps to deliver ten merchant ships to Turkey.

POLITICAL CRISIS IN INDONESIA

BATAVIA, July 16, (Reuter): Political crisis flared up again tonight when the Republican Working Committee rejected the latest Dutch proposals settling the joint consabulary problem.

BAGHDAD July 16 (APA). The Iraqi acting Foreign Minister, Dr. Abdul Ilah Hafidh, this morning handed a note to the Indonesian Foreign Minister, Aghos Salim, declaring that the Iraqi Government recognises the Indonesian republic.

Consembly Turns Down Mohani's Amendment

PROVINCES TO HAVE DEPUTY GOVERNORS

Expert Committee On Executive Authority Appointed

NEW DELHI, July 16, (A.P.I.).

The Constituent Assembly today resumed the consideration of the report of the Provincial Constitution Committee.

The House rejected Maulana Hasrat Mohani's amendment which sought to have a "President" instead of a "Governor" for the province.

Mr. Vishnu Kamath, opposing the amendment, referred to the Maulana's speech yesterday in which he had urged the establishment of Socialist Republics in India, and said that the Maulana was a leading figure in the Muslim League which had demanded partition of India on communal grounds. Socialism and Communalism were poles apart and it would not do well for League leaders to-day to demand Socialist Republics. If they were keen on such a Republic they should call upon the masses of Pakistan and India to join together and build it up.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, opposing the amendment, said that the Union Constitution Committee in its report had provided for a President for the Union. To have Presidents in the Provinces would create confusion. The future Governors would be elected on the basis of adult franchise and there should be no misunderstanding between the future Governors and the present Governors.

The House agreed to Clause I.

TWO AMENDMENTS ACCEPTED

The House accepted an amendment by Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant to Clause II of the report, which prescribes the term of office of the Governor. The amendment deleted the Sub-Clause which laid down that a Governor "shall be deemed to have vacated his office by continued absence from duty or continued incapacity or failure to discharge his functions for a period exceeding four months."

Pt. Pant pointed out that the Sub-Clause as it stood would not work.

Sardar Patel accepted an amendment moved by Mr. K. Santhanam to the Sub-Clause relating to impeachment of a Governor. Under the original clause a Governor might be removed from office for stated misbehaviour by impeachment, the charge to be preferred by the Provincial Legislature and to be tried by the Upper House of the Federal Parliament, the resolution in each case to be supported by not less than two-thirds of the total membership of the House concerned.

Mr. Santhanam's amendment prescribed that the charges should be confirmed by the Upper House of the Federal Parliament after investigation by a Special Commission of that House.

The House agreed to the clause as amended.

DEPUTY GOVERNORS

Clause III of the report related to the method of filling up casual vacancies in the office of the Governor of a Province. Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant by an amendment sought to have a Deputy Governor for every

(Continued On Page 5)

KARAKA ON FLOOR Of U.S. CONGRESS

According to the Congressional Record, the American equivalent of Hansard, which has arrived here by air mail, Congressman Emanuel Celler of New York on the floor of the House of Representatives drew attention to an article which had appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle." Mr. Celler said, "Mr. Speaker, under leave to extend my remarks in the RECORD, I am pleased to offer the dispatch of my friend, D. F. Karaka, correspondent of the "Bombay Chronicle" and former war correspondent. He has some very illuminating things to state regarding the exchange of students between India and the United States."

The dispatch which followed and which is reproduced in the Record is the article entitled, 'United States Human Mission to India' by D. F Karaka.

RED SHIRTS-LEAGUE COMPROMISE MOVE

PESHAWAR, July 16 (A.P.I.): Another attempt at compromise between the Muslim League and the Red Shirts of the Frontier Province was made in Peshawar last night when Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and the Pir of Manki Sharif, the Frontier League leader, had a two-hour secret meeting.

The Pir Sanib left for Delhi to-day to apprise Mr. M. A. Jinnah of the latest developments.

BALDEV SINGH'S FLYING VISIT TO LAHORE

LAHORE, July 16, (A.P.I.): Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Member in the Interim Government, arrived in Lahore this afternoon by air.

Immediately after his arrival he met the Sikh members of the Punjab Assembly. Master Tara Singh was also present during the discussions.

Sardar Baldev Singh is leaving for Delhi tomorrow morning by air.

LAND PRICES

GETTING HIGHER & HIGHER

We have valuable lands in and around Calcutta and Benares the valuation of which have become hundred per cent higher To invest in our "shares" or "Fixed Deposit" means taking advantage of this A steady return as Dividend is being paid to its shareholders since inception of our Trust.

For full particulars of

SHARES & FIXED DEPOSITS

Please apply to

LAND TRUST OF INDIA LTD.

12, Chowringhee Square CALCUTTA

Phone: Cal. 1464 & 1465 : : Telegram:—ARYOPLANTS

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai MARIAMBAI wife of Noormahomed has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim whatsoever on the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to us in our Office at 139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Foras Freehold tenure with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Mahomedan Street near Ripon Road in the Island and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 201 6 — Square Yards or thereabouts be 9 the same a little more or less and registered by the Collector of land Revenue under Old No. 135524, New No. 17/13645, Old Survey No. 268, 270 and New Survey No. 14/3554 and Cadastral Survey No. 1539 of the Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of the Bombay Municipality under E Ward No. 3877 (3), Street No. 64B and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North and South by the Public passage, on or towards the East partly by the passage and partly by the property of Haji Assoo and on or towards the West partly by the passage and partly by the property of Ebrahim Abdul Rehman and Bomanji Ruttonji Limbowalla.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1947.

Messrs. BENJAMIN AND CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4450

use NICOTA
The Family
TOOTH PASTE

The smokers in the family use Nicota because it combats tobacco stains, keeps teeth white, shining and healthy. For the women whose teeth are a beauty asset, Nicota cleans and polishes just as efficiently as it does when whitening the 'yellow teeth' of smokers.

Available almost everywhere for less than one rupee.

★ DELICIOUS
★ REFRESHING
★ ANTISEPTIC

In a bright red box, from all chemists & dealers

Congress Claims 40,137 Sq. Miles For West Bengal

Control Of Headwaters And Security Of Calcutta And Its Hinterland Form Main Basis Of Demand

Leaguer Wants Share In Administration Of Metropolis

CALCUTTA, July 16, (A.P.I.): The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee has asked for the inclusion in West Bengal of an area of 40,137 square miles with a total population of 28,032,000. This will consist of 31.78 per cent. Muslims and 68.22 per cent non-Muslims and will form 45 per cent. of the present total population of Bengal.

The Chittagong hill tracts with an area of 5,000 square miles and population of 2,47,000 has been kept out of consideration and is not included in the totals.

Under the scheme, East Bengal will have a population of 2,20,27,000 and an area of 32,298 square miles (Sylhet not included). It is explained that the density of population is much higher in East Bengal than in West Bengal.

GUIDING RULES

The memorandum emphasises certain guiding rules. These are:—

(1) The two parts respectively should contain as large a proportion as practicable of the total Muslim and non-Muslim population of the Province of Bengal;

(2) The boundary, being the boundary between two States, must be contiguous, and necessarily the existence of many pockets and areas containing a majority of Muslim population in the Western part and a majority of non-Muslims in the Eastern part, will have to be accepted; and

(3) If without substantially affecting these rules any natural boundary such as rivers could be found over any portion of the boundary line, that should be adopted.

A Congress spokesman explained that the main basis of the Congress demand are (contiguity of non-Muslim population apart), the need for control over headwaters, the safety and security of Calcutta, as well as ensuring the green belt round it for supply of goods and other requirements, and questions of communications, public health and development.

In addition to its scheme, the Congress has also submitted a possible plan on the basis of ascertaining contiguous majority areas, slightly varied by some other essential factors. This has been presented for urging the rejection of any scheme based on mere contiguity.

It is claimed that it shows that though under it about half the area will come under West Bengal, it will not ensure the geographical and consequent economic unity of any region in Bengal. It is also claimed that it shows that a very disproportionately large part of the entire non-Muslim population of Bengal will be kept in Pakistan.

Such a plan would also draw a boundary line between the two States without following any natural boundaries which, in Bengal, can only be rivers.

DEMAND FOR BURDWAN & SLICE OF RAJSHAHI

The Congress scheme asks for the inclusion in West Bengal of the Burdwan and Presidency divisions and a large slice of Rajshahi Division, and certain other areas.

The latter includes four thanas in Backerganj District and the sub-division of Gopalganj and a thana in Faridpur District.

The scheme also claims the whole of Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri Districts, two contiguous Hindu majority thanas and the police station of Bhurangamari as the only railway line connecting the Indian Union with Assam passes through it.

CALCUTTA HAS NON-MUSLIM MAJORITY

Among features of the memorandum are statistics relating to Calcutta, stating that for instance only 6.2 per cent of the consolidated rates are paid by Muslims and that in Calcutta and industrial area round Calcutta the non-Muslim population has a huge majority.

The memorandum is supported by map and a large amount of published literature and also photographic reprints from rare and scientific documents.

BATTLE OVER CALCUTTA

With reference to Calcutta, the memorandum says that it is the heart of West Bengal, within the district of 24 Parganas, which has a non-Muslim population of 67.53 per cent of Calcutta's population only 23.59 per cent are Muslims, and they form only 14.8 per cent of electors on the city's Municipal electoral roll. Again, only 8.45 of the total number of premises in Calcutta are owned by Muslims and Muslims pay 6.2 per cent of the consolidated Municipal rates. In Greater Calcutta, 22.6 per cent of the population are Muslims.

Under the scheme of the Congress, Calcutta, extending over 34 square miles with a total population of 21.08.891 is part of West Bengal.

BENGAL BOUNDARY COMMISSION AT WORK

The Bengal Boundary Commission resumed sitting to-day Sir Cyril Radcliffe, the Chairman is in the Punjab, but the four members, Justices B. K. Mukherjee, C. C. Biswar, A. S. M. Akram and S. A. Rahman were present.

Mr. Atul Chandra Gupta explained the memorandum submitted to the Commission on behalf of the Congress.

Both the morning and afternoon sittings of the Commission to-day were taken up with the presentation of the Congress case. This will engage the Commission to-morrow also, whereafter the Hindu Masabha and other organisations will present their cases. The Muslim League will then open the exposition of their memorandum on July 21 and this is expected to take two days.

The deliberations of the Commission on the Bengal Division will continue till July 26. It will then take up the Sylhet boundary question.

About 150 memoranda have been presented before the Commission.

LEAGUERS' CLAIM ON CITY OF CALCUTTA

The view, that Muslims had a very strong claim on the city of Calcutta and he did not relish the idea of surrendering it so easily, was expressed in a statement by Mr. Mohammad Ali, Finance Minister, Government of Bengal.

He said that it was not proper to leave their assets in West Bengal and remove the Government to Dacca without a proper settlement of their share of assets in all institutions situated in the metropolis of Calcutta.

The Finance Minister advocated the administration of the city of Calcutta on a joint dual control basis and suggested its retention as the twin capital for both the successor Governments and urged that the arrangement made in the Punjab to run the district of Lahore jointly by two sets of officers following the claim put forward by East Punjab for the district should be adopted for the city of Calcutta.

COMMUNIST PARTY OF PAKISTAN

LAHORE July 16, (API.) As a sequel to the partition of the country the Communists in the Pakistan areas have re-organised themselves into the Communist Party of Pakistan.

A Central Committee has been set up draw a manifesto for the party and organise its provincial and district branches.

Dutch Ambassador To India

THE HAGUE, July 16, (Reuter). The first Dutch Ambassador in New Delhi would be Mr. Arnold Lamping, the Dutch Government announced here today.

Mr. Lamping was formerly Dutch Minister in Bucharest.

Government House News

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay presented Mrs. Winifred Mody with the Medal of the Order of Mercy on behalf of H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester, Grand President of the League of Mercy.

Byculla Table-Tennis

KAPADIA TO MEET VARDE IN FINAL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—D. H. Kapadia and P. S. Varde qualified to meet in the finals of the Men's Singles event in the Byculla Table-Tennis Tournament by their respective victories over Ezekiel and Khanchand respectively. The Varde-Khanchand match was not quite so interesting as anticipated and with the loser having an off day the match was not much interesting. In the other semi-final only the rashness of Kapadia enabled Ezekiel to snatch a set from him.

The most interesting match of the evening was that between Khanchand and Mrs. Nasikwalla and K. H. Kapadia and Mrs. Gajendrasinh. The former pair won after a keenly contested fifth game. In the other semi-final D. H. Kapadia partnered by Miss Mabel Brodie entered the third final of the tournament. He has thus a good chance of winning the triple crown.

TRADES WIN BY SINGLE GOAL AGAINST BOM. GYM.

Harwood League Football

BOMBAY, Wednesday

TRADES	1
BOM. GYM.	0

Two teams from either extremes of the tables met this evening in the second half of this year's senior Harwood League. Trades, the leader, however, did not have things entirely their own way. On an outfield covered with pools of water, the holders' attack did not function with its accustomed clockwork precision. Passing was never accurate for the shot either fell short or was easily intercepted by a defender. Thomas, who scored the only goal of the evening was not always fortunate in connection with a first timer.

The only other match played under similar conditions in this year's Harwood League was the one in which curiously enough the Trades were concerned.

The Gymkhana side took good advantage of the heavy going and its defenders effected first time clearances that upset to a certain extent the Trades attack.

Rodrigues Suspended

At a meeting of the W.I.F.A. when referee Halliday's report on the sending off of Rodrigues from the Trades-Dockyard Match on July 3 was heard, it was decided to suspend the Dockyards Captain for the rest of the season. It may be recalled that Rodrigues was twice warned by referee Halliday before he was finally sent off the field for "dangerous play and ungentlemanly conduct."

IFTIKHAR AND GHAUS REACH THIRD ROUND

FRINTON ON SEA (ESSEX) July 16, (Reuter): India's two representatives in the Frinton-on Sea Lawn Tennis Championships, Iftikhar Ahmed and Ghaus Mohammed both reached the third round of the men's singles. In the first round Ahmed beat N.F. Pertwee 6/3, 6/0 and Mohammed defeated J. H. McMorrow 6/3 6/0.

In the second round Ahmed eliminated D. Whitehead 6/2 ,6/2 and Mohammed beat T. Blackhouse 6/3, 6/4.

JOE LOUIS STANDS TO LOSE

NEW YORK, July 16, (Reuter): Commenting on the news that Joe Louis World Heavy-Weight Champion would engage only in non-title and exhibition bouts this year, Abe Green President of the National Boxing Association of America, said here that if Louis should be knocked out in any of these contests, the National Boxing Association would recognise his conqueror as champion.

Flyweight Fight Postponed

GLASGOW, July 16, (Reuter): The World Flyweight Championship Fight between Jackie Paterson, British holder of the title and Dadoo Marino of the Phillipines, arranged for tonight, will not take place. Patterson, 27-year old champion, collapsed in his gymnasium today a few minutes before he was due to go for weighing-in.

Rumanian Opposition Leaders Arrested

Alleged Plot To Overthrow Regime Foiled

BUCHAREST, (Via Prague), July 16 (UPA).—The Ministry of Interior disclosed today that 14 persons, including four top members of the opposition National Peasant Party who allegedly plotted to overthrow the regime, were arrested at a suburban airport early on July 14 while attempting to flee Rumania. Political circles said last night that other leaders, including Party President Iuliu Maniu, have been arrested in Bucharest.

An official communique said Ion Mihalache, Party Vice-President, Nikolae Penescu, Secretary General, Ilie Lazar, Executive Member, Nicolae Carandino, publisher of the party organ, "Dreptatea", were seized.

"Relax Curfew During Ramzan"

LAHORE, July 16, (API): A demand for lifting or relaxing the curfew restrictions during the month of Ramzan from 11 p.m. to 3 a.m. was made at an emergent meeting of the Muslim Councillors of the Lahore Corporation held today.

The meeting warned the authorities concerned of the fearful consequences that may ensue in case the demand of the Muslim public is disregarded.

GUERILLAS 'PUT TO FLIGHT'

Greek Birgades In Action: Moscow Radio On 'Fantastic' Rumours About Albania

ATHENS, July 16 (Reuter).—Guerillas were massing at six points near the Greek frontier—three in Albania and three in Yugoslavia—Greek military sources reported today.

Earlier General Napoleon Zarvas, the Greek Minister of Public Order, had reaffirmed that the guerillas who attacked Konitza came from Albania.

Official reports from Epirus said two Greek Brigades supported from the air had engaged "the invaders" at three points, inflicted losses on them and "put them to flight."

Moscow Radio, quoting an Albanian News Agency dispatch, denied that an "International Brigade" from Albania had taken part in the Konitza attack and called these reports "fantastic rumours."

"Generl" Markos, guerilla leader, in a statement in the Greek Communist paper "Rizospastis", asserted that British airmen were taking part in the action against guerillas. He gave dates and names of British officers and soldiers who, he said, had been captured by the guerillas and released in recent months. He declared that Britons or Americans "captured during operations will be treated as enemies."

RICH GOLD STRIKE IN BR. GUIANA

GEORGETOWN, British Guiana, July 16 (UPA). A gold strike promising to be rich was revealed when exploration in the Rupununi Gold Mining Company's Marudi Mountain property yielded first-rate ore samples. The find may exceed in importance the recently found deposits at Odendaalsrust, Orange Free State.

CALCUTTA BANKS' S. O. S.

Metropolitan Clearing House Seeks Reserve Bank Help To Tide Over Financial Crisis

Mr. Nandalal Chatterji, President, Metropolitan Clearing House, Calcutta, (which is under the management of the Metropolitan Banking Association, Clive Street, Calcutta), with Mr. Sisir K. Biswas, one of the Committee members of the Clearing House, arrived in Bombay on Monday evening by air and had an interview with Mr. M. G. Mehkri, Deputy Governor of the Reserve Bank of India regarding the banking situation in Bengal from 16th August, 1946 to date and handed over the following memorandum to him on behalf of the members of the Clearing House:—

MEMORANDUM

"Under directions from the representatives of member-banks working in the City and its suburbs I beg to submit to you the following short Memorandum to obtain immediate permission to sell shares to the face value of Rs. 500,000 (five lakhs) as a special case for favour of your kind consideration and necessary move to the Finance Department, Government of India, New Delhi, if required at all:—

"Member-banks working in the City and its suburbs have been passing through a great crisis for no fault of theirs. Unprecedented lull has been prevailing in the City for about a year due to the Postal strike, the Imperial Bank of India strike, series of Calcutta Killing at intervals to the total dislocation of City's normal life and suspension of the City's conveyances and abrupt crush in the Share-Market paralysing the entire trade, commerce and industries of the country, blocking the investment made on behalf of the Bank. Since the 16th August, 1946, the banks who are feeder to these commercial enterprises have been unable to realise their investment from commercial communities who are also hard hit by rapid changes of the historic events occurring in the country almost every day. These banks usually feed and nourish traders, businessmen and commercial firms of moderate means whom big banks refuse to accommodate for reasons best known to them and thus keep the commercial structure of the entire country in proper gear for the benefit of the sons of the soil and for solution of the bread problem among the masses which is also the aim of the National Government of India, run by the Congress and accepted by the British Cabinet and Parliament.

In consideration of the facts as stated above and also of the valuable services rendered by these banks in furthering the growth of industries of the country all through, I beg to request you on their behalf to kindly allow these banks to sell shares to the face value of Rs. 500,000 (five lakhs) at least for the present to ease the abnormal situation to some extent and safeguard the interests of the depositing public keeping the country's good in view.

"In this connection I like to point you out further that it is just fair and equitable to allow them to sell shares to the face value of Rs. 500,000 (five lakhs) simply to remove doubt from the mind of the public arising from irresponsible talks and conversations amongst the rank and file held in public places and from advertisement in the newspapers in respect of companies (other than banks and insurance companies) who are entitled to sell shares to the face value of Rs. 500,000 (five lakhs) to the public from the very start to the utter neglect of banks and to do proper justice to these banks to the estimation of the public."

KORAY
KILLS PAIN QUICKER

KORAY is the made-in-England pain-killer that is 50% more effective than alternatives. So, when pain attacks, kill it quicker with fast-acting KORAY tablets. Symptoms of HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, INFLUENZA, LUMBAGO etc., are relieved a few minutes after swallowing one of these amazing pink tablets. TWO ANNAS FOR THE 6-TABLET PACK; TEN ANNAS FOR THE 30-TABLET PACK, from all good dealers.

Refuse all substitutes. KORAY is sold in packs as illustrated. Nothing else is 'just as good.'

KORAY LIMITED, 25, Hanover Square, London, W. 1. Represented in India by G. ATHERTON & CO., LTD., Calcutta & Bombay.

The end of a perfect day
'mix a Milo'

...hen temperature and humidity are in the 'nineties', it's often difficult to get the proper sleep. Nerves become frayed and resistance is lowered For fitful sleep and insomnia, Doctors recommend

MILO

FORTIFIED TONIC FOOD

A NESTLÉ PRODUCT

Announcing
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PRIZE BONDS
SEVENTH DRAW RESULTS

The following results of the seventh half-yearly draw for prizes in connection with the five-year interest-free Prize Bonds, 1949, held on the 15th July, 1947, at Bombay, are published for general information.

RS. 100 DENOMINATION

NUMBERS OF PRIZE-WINNING BONDS.

Prizes.	Series A	Series B	Series C	Series D
Rs. 50,000	046544	004569	047021	089226
Rs. 20,000	020717	001825	009889	001212
Rs. 20,000	017233	027196	047152	094037
Rs. 5,000	084467	057493	081230	047611
Rs. 5,000	013838	015661	098683	051010

RS. 10 DENOMINATION

NUMBERS OF PRIZE-WINNING BONDS.

Prizes.	Series AA	Series AB	Series AC	Series AD	Series AE	Series AF	Series AG	Series AH	Series AJ	Series AK	Series AL	Series AM	Series AN
Rs. 2,500	030617	049093	034863	047805	079184	030957	030579	056827	035038	095038	048751	055079	089857
Rs. 1,250	059807	009264	052310	029393	068524	068121	090552	078570	057999	062725	087611	096929	037049
Rs. 1,250	020025	035274	051454	000945	082726	001191	049564	044994	069340	039506	080083	045357	066890
Rs. 500	047728	032019	018329	026822	020904	013107	047720	023613	002241	084255	019259	062285	022460
Rs. 500	007177	071629	007843	044766	082043	015463	038600	016750	058998	034779	065486	092239	025802
Rs. 500	011149	073151	007971	029561	011118	022057	018528	089100	022234	040365	019365	059941	025264
Rs. 500	052625	099872	087966	097117	038157	036763	010548	087999	082607	059358	063952	020978	037434
Rs. 500	038078	048313	075422	063969	031388	014068	079344	000374	064286	026350	030911	087542	062608
Rs. 250	056529	095341	041201	026630	027312	052713	005498	075629	083559	095357	017348	097444	050926
Rs. 250	013700	056383	077620	093310	071643	046753	052803	060776	075443	020506	071821	030890	098469
Rs. 250	001162	020815	080112	083923	089908	029974	027739	060348	034143	034880	021752	022805	007950
Rs. 250	000758	061158	020244	029173	007015	055523	086109	015049	005654	047551	048707	041418	078842
Rs. 250	025422	041313	054364	034131	096417	050769	080198	061874	027807	083386	027932	021498	043606
Rs. 250	000339	079407	032319	060865	054987	093919	089290	066505	042181	078541	018450	016263	042646
Rs. 250	041232	007494	060856	067624	064760	077706	089019	083697	099794	012858	092579	080570	094090
Rs. 250	057473	003911	026742	004074	026808	012931	076906	061482	068153	049238	029569	050517	064870
Rs. 250	012419	071291	010340	067352	016856	095049	061391	098969	091573	084770	088067	098127	021142
Rs. 250	077516	035937	061630	038840	034419	066067	042051	033042	004526	053200	098606	094827	025154

Prizes drawn at the previous draws and not claimed up to the 15th July, 1947

Particulars of Unclaimed Prizes				Particulars of Unclaimed Prizes				Particulars of Unclaimed Prizes			
Date of Draw	Denomination of Bond	No. of prize-winning Bond	Amount of prize	Date of Draw	Denomination of Bond	No. of prize-winning Bond	Amount of prize	Date of Draw	Denomination of Bond	No. of prize-winning Bond	Amount of prize
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs		Rs.		Rs.
15th July 1944 (I Draw)	10	AA070098	250	15th January 1946 (IV Draw) —contd.	10	AL061177	250	15th January 1947 (VI Draw) —contd.	10	AC023697	2,500
		AA086160	250			AM006090	500			AC052082	1,250
		AC062911	250			AM038428	250			AC092765	500
		AH085499	250			AN050964	1,250			AC091101	500
15th January 1945 (II Draw)	10	AB079738	1,250			AN030145	250			AC053828	250
		AB062893	500	15th July 1946 (V Draw)	10	AA061763	250			AD054276	250
		AC027627	2,500			AB083986	500			AD018462	250
		AC064396	500			AB047998	250			AD047787	250
		AE013428	500			AC006894	2,500			AD054983	250
		AF002148	250			AD071158	250			AE002039	250
		AG057642	250			AE072621	2,500			AF066166	250
		AG059175	250			AF069677	1,250			AF065201	250
		AH078497	250			AF083405	250			AF044243	250
		AJ091605	250			AF021660	250			AG056634	500
		AJ009838	250			AF013089	250			AG026450	250
13th July 1945 (III Draw)	100	C020947	20,000			AG063007	500			AG034792	250
	10	AB043179	500			AG059689	250			AG068413	250
		AB057199	250			AG060033	250			AH091771	1,250
		AC011334	1,250			AG048118	250			AH038554	1,250
		AD006200	250			AH018580	1,250			AH041963	500
		AF085241	500			AH011027	500			AH076491	500
		AF075996	250			AH038193	500			AH089771	250
		AF075377	250			AH019145	250			AH044906	250
		AF096895	250			AJ059476	500			AH044889	250
		AF002108	250			AJ041964	500			AJ089463	1,250
		AF073712	250			AJ045852	250			AJ016579	500
		AJ001315	1,250			AJ048988	250			AJ076940	500
		AJ061306	500			AJ029524	250			AJ016748	250
		AJ077411	250			AJ076988	250			AJ022188	250
		AK070065	500			AK069641	500			AJ034475	250
		AL057826	250			AL022821	250			AJ041289	250
		AM037410	250			AL097120	250			AK006121	1,500
15th January 1946 (IV Draw)	10	AB057171	500			AL042152	250			AK090331	1,250
		AB010357	500			AL067864	250			AK008914	250
		AB008108	250			AM035109	500			AK066576	250
		AB070739	250			AM092511	250			AK032515	250
		AC065205	2,500			AM038146	250			AK026455	250
		AC018406	250			AM087483	250			AL074845	1,250
		AC041309	250			AN018656	500			AL055219	500
		AE073634	250			AN090073	250			AL064714	250
		AE008826	250	15th January 1947 (VI Draw)	100	C098491	20,000			AL085289	250
		AF035013	250		10	AA063512	1,250			AL094769	250
		AF072909	250			AA074100	500			AL005784	250
		AH002967	500			AA049860	250			AM017801	1,250
		AH002851	500			AA055947	250			AM018722	500
		AH095733	250			AA025069	250			AM064998	500
		AK012626	1,250			AB047876	1,250			AM099992	250
		AL002601	2,500			AB026511	1,250			AN043979	250
		AL082089	500			AB024562	250				
		AL061360	250			AB063937	250				
		AL073955	250			AB062722	250				

—ISSUED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA— AC 282

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

The Truth In Your Horoscope

YOUR REAL LIFE TOLD FREE

Would you like to know without any cost what the Stars indicate for you, some of your past experiences, your strong and weak points, etc? Here is your chance to test FREE the skill of Pundit Tabore, India's most famous Astrologer, who by applying the ancient science to useful purcoses has build up an enviable reputation? The accuracy of his predictions and the sound practical advise contained in his Horoscopes on Business, Speculation, Finances, Love affairs Friends, Enemies, Lotteries Travels, Charges, Litigation, Lucky Times, Sickness, etc., have astounded educated people the world over. GEORGE MACKEY of New York believes that Tabore must possess some sort of second sight.

To popularise his system Tabore will send you FREE your Astral-Interpretation if you forward him your full name (Mr., Mrs. or Miss), address and date of birth (English Calendar) all clearly written by yourself. No money wanted for Astrological Work, postage etc., but send about 6 Annas (Stamps) for stationery, testimonials and other interesting literature. Tabore believes in fair dealings and all work for which he receives any payment is on the basis of satisfaction guaranteed or full money refunded. You will be amazed at the remarkable accuracy of his statement about you and your affairs. Write now as this offer may not be made again. No Personal interviews, all consultations by mail only. Address: PUNDIT TABORE (Dept 312-A) Upper Forjett Street Bombay 26

When taking your bath,
Either morning or night;
A few drops of 'Scrubbs'
will make you feel right.

By appointment to His Majesty King George VI

Scrubb's Cloudy Ammonia has hundreds of uses. In your Bath it tones up the skin, refreshes and invigorates.

SCRUBB'S
cloudy ammonia
AT ALL CHEMISTS
Sole Agents for India:-
GEOFFREY MANNERS & CO. LTD

Is Your Trouble
ASTHMA
or Bronchitis?

Really it makes no difference to the prompt relief you can get from Do-Do Tablets, which so speedily prove their value in cases of difficult breathing. In many instances, within a minute of taking one Do-Do Tablet (a full dose), the coughing paroxysm is arrested, and the potent medicaments released are starting to break down the load of breath-impeding mucous in the bronchia and bronchioles. Easy, natural breathing may be established in 15 to 30 minutes.

In Do-Do- Asthma Tablets you get the highest quality medicaments, in a balanced combination which has proved its value in the ameliorative treatment of Asthma, Bronchial Asthma, Bronchitis, Chest Wheeziness, Night Coughing, etc.

Test Do-Do Free—simply complete and post the coupon below.

DŌ-DŌ Brand
ASTHMA TABLETS
Send now!

INTERNATIONAL TRADING CO., Dept. V4
187, Lohar Chawl, Bombay.
I have NOT tried Do-Do. Please send me a Free Test Supply.
Name .....
Address .....
.....
.....

On Stage See PRITHVIRAJ in
PATHAN
On SATURDAY, 19th,
Sun. 20th 9-30 A.M.
Also on Fri. 18th 9-30 a.m.
DEEWAR
Plans open from Tuesday.
Book in advance.
Royal Opera House

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 14, 2003.
Muslim: Sabaan 27, 1366.
Parsi: Behman 17, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-10 a.m. Sunset: 7-19 p.m.
Hightide: 11-41, 23-17. Lowtide: 04-39, 17-45.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting at 3 p.m. (B.T.), today.

SYMPOSIUM AT MAZDAZNAN: Today (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road. A symposium on "Man—in his four Stages". Various speakers will speak on childhood, youth, adolescence and old age.

I.N.T.U.C. (PROVINCIAL BOARD): Meeting in Congress House, at 6 p.m. today to co-opt members on the Provincial Board and to consider the draft constitution of the Board.

BRAINS TRUST: Today at 6-30 p.m. at the Y.M.C.A., 12 Wodehouse Road, Panel: Dr. James Kellock (Q.M.), Lady Rama Rau, Dr. J. Maneckshah and Prof. G. B. Kulkarni.

INDIAN ECOLOGICAL SOCIETY: Lecture on Vegetation of Deccan Past and Present by Dr. T. S. Mahabale at Royal Institute of Science at 5-30 p.m. today.

YOUNG MEN'S FREE NIGHT SCHOOL: Opening ceremony at Primary Section Classes at 200, Bohra Bazar Street, Fort, at 7 p.m. today Shri Y. Koragappa Puthran will preside.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: If there be no heavy rains the Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 16 tomorrow (Friday) at 7-51 a.m. (B.T.), at King's Circle and go round with them in the Ward.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Telegrams all classes in plain English, French or four figures Chinese now admitted to Formosa (known also as Taiwan) at rates shown in current guide.

U.K. HIGH COMMISSIONER IN BOMBAY

NEW DELHI, July 16 (API).—Mr. John M. Mitcheson, the British Consul-General in Batavia, will shortly take over charge of the United Kingdom High Commissioner's Office in Bombay, it is learnt.

Knocked Down By Train Fatally

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A local train knocked down and killed one Velji Ratansi, aged 18 years at Masjid Railway Station yesterday at about 11-30 a.m. His father a grocer, said that his son was proceeding to Bhat bazar for some purchases, when he met with the unfortunate accident.

BUSINESS TRIP
OR
PLEASURE FLIGHT
TO
Baroda-Ahmedabad
AND
Rajkot-Morvi
FLY BY
Ambica Air Lines Ltd.
CITY BOOKING OFFICE,
N. M. Wadia Building,
Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Phone: 34863. Aerodrome: 86358.
FREIGHT UNDERTAKEN

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE
BRAND NEW
800 Gallons Steel Tanks, Oil or Water or for Petrol
BRAND NEW
450 Gallons Galvanised Tanks
BRAND NEW
2 inches Hand Rotary Pumps.
For Further Details:
THE NATIONAL GARAGE LTD.
Warden Road, Bombay 26

"SAVE SIKHS TO SAVE INDIA"

Teja Singh At Symposium On Present Political Situation

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A symposium on the present political situation in the country was held at the Taj this evening under the auspices of the Young Men's Hindu Association, when Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa presided,

"We stand on the brink of hell' said Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, "and we shall soon fall if we do not behave like men of courage and democratic outlook. "He went on to say that the partition of India was due to the crooked and diplomatic policy of the British, the selfishness of the Muslim League and bungling of the Congress.

As for the Muslims Mr. Mehta simply pitied them. He believed that even under Pakistan they were going to remain slaves.

SAVE SIKHS TO SAVE INDIA

Sirdar Teja Singn was extremely pessimistic about the present situation. He drew a harrowing picture of the pitable plight of the Hindus of the Punjab A stream of Hindu evacuees had started from Sind and the Punjab. It was regrettable that when a great tragedy was being enacted in the Hindu-minority provinces the Hindus in other parts of India simply looked on and did not see their way to help their suffering brethren .

Sirdar Teja Singn further said: The safety of India depended on the safety of the Punjab. He therefore exhorted the Hindus to unite and help the Sikhs in the Punjab who "Save the Sikhs and you will save India." concluded Sirdar Teja Singh.

FAITH IN CONGRESS LEADERSHIP

Seth Pranlal Dexkaran Nanji sounded an optimistic note, when putting forth his own view on the subject as a practical businessman. He pleaded for full faith in the Congress leadership which he believed in spite of all its bunglings would ultimately lead them to triumph.

Prof. G. D. Parikh took a philosophical view of the present situation. Frustration, he said, was the essential feature of the situation. It was necessary to be practical. But it was equally necessary to stick to the principles which had appealed to them as sound.

Winding up the debate Mr. Mangaldas Pakavasa pleaded for a calm and dispassionate outlook and appealed for support to the Punjab Hindus.

More Food Shipments From Overseas

BOMBAY, July 16.—About 996 tons of Canadian wheat flour have arrived in Bombay by s.s. "Trevellard" this week. The allocations are: Bombay 396 tons, Hyderabad 300 tons and Gwalior 300 tons. s.s. "Karagola" has also arrived with 443 tons of wheat and some millet for various States in the Bombay region. s.s. "Steel Inventor" has unloaded 391 tons of Canadian wheat flour allocated to Bombay.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, (Thursday) July 17.

BOMBAY—1

244 m, (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 E.R. Prabhu (Violin) 8-45 Kantilal Arya (G) Geet (Nanalal) 9-0 Padmavati Shaligram (Deskar) 12-0 Programme for women (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Goda Gani 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-20 School Broadcast (H and G) 5-0 Shrikant Thakre (Violin) 5-15 Children's Half-Hour 5-45 Topic of day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Sheikh Chand (Poona) (Naat aur Ghaal) 6-30 Pramodini Desai (Bhavgeet) 6-45 Kantilal Aya (G) Geet (Nanalal) 7-0 Shiv Kumar Shukla (Bhoop) 7-30 Saslanan Shingdan Talk by Vinodini Nilkanth (G) 7-45 Film Songs 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Featurization of his own novel by V. D. Salgaonkar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B.B.C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Sports Review By R.I. D'Avoine 10-0 Jal K. Mehta: Baritone (light songs) 10-10 Tehmie K. Jungalwalla (Piano) Polonaises 10-30 Violin Solo by Arthur Grumiaux (M) 10-35 Imelda Gonsalves Soprano (Schubart) 10-45 Violin Solo by Arthur Grumiaux 10-50 Antsher Lobo: Guitar.

SPECIAL TALK IN A.I.R.

In a series of talks entitled 'Saslanan Shingan All-India Radio Bombay will present a series of talkers in company with classical literary characters. The talkers will consider the characters from the point of view of Matrimony and will also explain how the would react if they had to marry The first talk in this series will be broadcast on Thursday, July 17, at 7-30 p.m. Shri Vinodni Nilkanth who will discuss 'Saraswati Chandra' in 'Goverdhanram Novel'.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF JULY 18:—Rainfall will be widespread and locally heavy in the Konkanpatti, the Bombay Deccan, Gujarat, Jhalawad, Gohelwad and east Soreth. Rainfall will also be fairly widespread in the Hyderabad State, west Soreth, Halar and Cutch.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—Rainfall will continue widespread over the Region, but will decrease in Kathiawar and Gujarat.

HEMO DRAKSO MALT
acts in 2 ways
GIVES STRENGTH
IMPROVES DIGESTION
ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO.,LTD. BARODA

BOMBAY GOVT. STAFF TO GO ON TOKEN STRIKE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The General Secretary, Bombay Government Staff Federation writes:

In accordance with the resolution passed at the conference of the co-ordination committee held on the 6th July 1947 the Working Committee of the Bombay Government Staff Federation has decided to observe a stay-out strike for a day on the 6th August 1947. The three immediate issues on which the token strike is to be observed are: (i) Early revision of pay-scales, (ii) Grant of recognition to the Federation and (iii) establishment of Whitley Councils.

In order to sure the success of strike it has been decided to form a corps of one thousand volunteers. The decision has been taken by the Working Committee under the guidence of Sjt. Asok Mehta President of the Federation.

SENTENCE ON DEPUTY COLLECTOR ENHANCED

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Sen and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Kantilal M. Vohra .. Applicant (Original Accused)

vs.

Imperator .. Opponent (Original Complainant)

The applicant who was Prant Officer, Thana, Deputy Collector, Additional District, Magistrate and Personal Assistant to the Collector of Thana from 19th May 1944 to 7th May, 1946, was charged with three offences under Section 161 of the Indian Penal Code in that in the discharge of his duties he attempted to obtain Rs. 100 as a bribe from one Bhayya Sukhaising Sujatsing on 24th April, 1946, and that he obtained Rs. 50 and Rs. 100 respectively as bribes from the said Bhayya Sukhaising and from one Motiram Nakhwa.

The applicant was tried by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Thana and was sentenced to different terms of imprisonment and fines for the said three offences. On appeal to the Sessions Judge at Thana the applicant was acquitted of two of the three offences but was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for 6 months and fine of Rs. 500 or in default rigorous imprisonment for 3 months for accepting the bribe of Rs. 50 from Bhayya Sukhaising.

The applicant came in revision to the High Court and the High Court directed a notice of enhancement to be issued against the applicant. The High Court dismissed the application of the applicant and observed that the prosecution had proved the case beyond reasonable doubt. The High Court further observed that as the applicant was a very responsible officer and he had obtained a bribe from a very poor man he should be given a very deterrent sentence to set an example for other Government servants.

The High Court accordingly enhanced the sentence to 1 year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000.

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas and Mr. R. B. Andhiyarujina with Mr. V. M. Vora appeared for the applicant. The Government Pleader, Mr. S. G. Patwardhan, appeared for the Crown.

Two Constables Jailed

BOMBAY, Wednesday. — Maruthi Vithoo and Maruthi Dagdu, two constables attached to the Dadar Railway station, were found guilty of selling railway tickets at a premium were sentenced by Mr. T. S. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, each to four months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 250, in default four months' R.I. The accused were arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch on the 11th of July 1946 as the result of trap laid by them on a complaint made by Shankar Waman Khare.

Find Of Illicit Distillery

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—A surprise raid yesterday by the Nagpada Police on a room on the 3rd floor of house No. 65, 8th Lane, Kamatipura, resulted in the discovery of an illegal distillery: 350 gallons of fermenting wash, 4 gallons of illicit liquor, and other articles used for the manufacture of liquor was seized. No arrests could however be made, because the room was empty at the time of the raid. A vigorous search is being made for the missing tenant of the room, a Chinaman named Dhing Win China.

ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION OF 'HUNDI'

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—A 'hoondi' for Rs. 2,670|14|- was alleged to have been misappropriated by one Kasamalli Osghar, who was sent by his employer to deposit it in the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank. The accused was arrested at 10-30 p.m. yesterday by the Dongri Police. He was placed before Mr. S. B. Awar, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, today and ordered to be remanded to police custody pending further investigations.

Convicted For Profiteering In Pencils

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

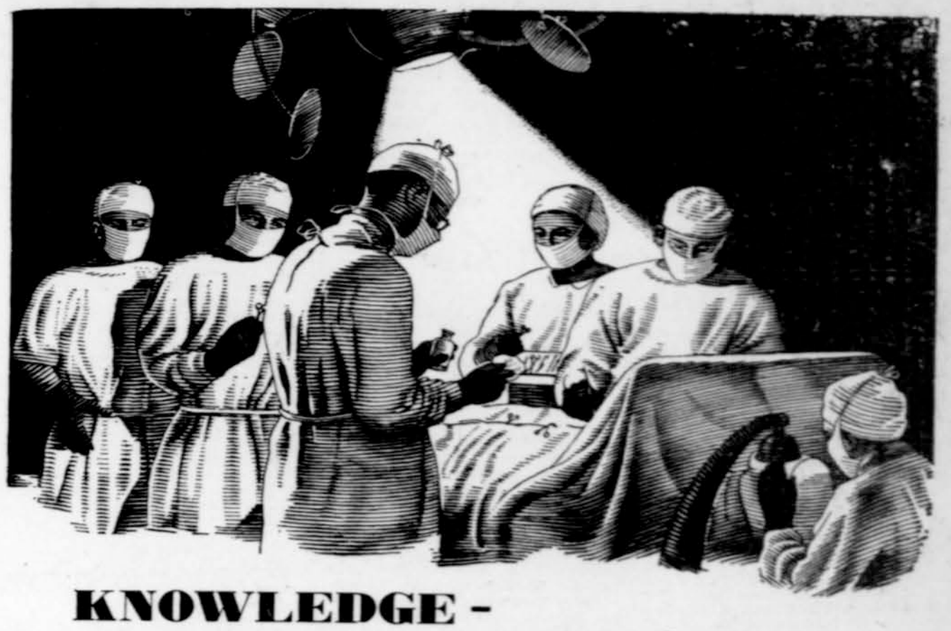
For profiteering in Utility English pencils and for failure to display their price-list. Abdealli Tyaballi, Proprietor of Stationery Shop, Grant Road, Bombay, has been convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 250/- or, to undergo one month's simple imprisonment in default.

Arrested On Charge Of Stealing Fountain Pen

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Yellow Gate police arrested at 2 a.m. today at Alexandra Dock Syed Mohammed Syed Hoshy on a charge of theft of 30 fountain pens valued at Rs. 300.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, released the accused on bail.



KNOWLEDGE -
Spear-head of the attack on pain

In the past, every doctor relied entirely upon his own knowledge...he diagnosed the complaint and prescribed the treatment...he made up his own medicines...he could dress a wound...perform an operation. Today medical knowledge has grown so greatly that no one man can cover its whole field. The general practitioner, as a rule, sends any case that seems out of the ordinary to a specialist...he directs patients requiring an operation to a surgeon...and he does not always dispense his own prescriptions.

Most of the medicines a doctor needs are available from pharmaceutical firms which supply them in cheap convenient forms. Such a firm is Cilag of Schaffhouse, Switzerland—*but with this important distinction: every Cilag remedy is the product of original research in the Cilag Laboratories.* Thus every Cilag medicament adds something to the sum of medical knowledge. Such is Cilag's reputation for originality that Universities and Hospitals all over Switzerland co-operate in testing of new Cilag medicines. In this way each is proved in the hard school of practical experience before being placed on the open market.

CILAG

Long famous in Europe, Cilag medicaments have now come to India. We are confident that here as elsewhere they will help doctors in their fight against sickness and pain.

CILAG PHARMACEUTICALS
Sole Agents in India
THE PLASTIC & INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LTD.
P. B. 1930 . . . . . Bombay 1

GOLD FLAKE QUIZ No. 6.

Do you know the answer?

The **NORTH POLE** *was discovered by*

Roald Amundsen.
Sir. E. Shackleton.
Rear-Admiral R. Peary.
Captain R. F. Scott.
Rear-Admiral R. E. Byrd.

(For answer see below)*

and the answer to those who demand smoking satisfaction is

WILLS'S
GOLD FLAKE
of course

Rs. 2/4/- for 50 and 7 annas for 10. Plus local tax in force.

*Rear-Admiral R. Peary.

GF/295

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 16, (A.P.I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.), on 16th July 1947:—

Ahmedabad 94 77 1.3 6.0 minus 3.7, Ahmednagar 83 71 T 3.7 minus 3.6, Allahabad 93 81 T 8.4 minus 2.4 Baroda 93 77 1.4 6.7 nil, BOMBAY 85 76 05 17.2 minus 16.8. Calcutta 94 81 01 13.7 minus 4.7, Delhi 104 81 T 0.2 minus 7.0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 85 73 T 7.5 plus 0.1, Indore 87 71 0.1 8.3 minus 2.9. Karachi 86 61 0 0 minus 2.3, Lahore 105 74 0 0 minus 4.4, Lucknow 89 80 0.5 7.2 minus 3.1, Madras 95 81 0 1.6 minus 1.1, Mysore 77 68 0.1 3.9 minus 0.1, Nagpur 83 74 1.0 15.5 minus 1.1, Peshawar 102 78 0 0.1 minus 0.8, Poona 82 72 0.6 2.5 minus 5.3, Sholapur 87 74 0 8.5 plus 1.9, Simla 73 57 0.6 8.6 minus 5.8, Srinagar 89 68 0.4 2.4 minus 0.1, Surat 85 77 2.5 6.1 minus 11.7.

WEATHER SUMMARY

The following daily weather summary for Wednesday, the 16th July, 1947:—

The Bay depression is centred this morning about 50 miles east of Chandbali and is likely to cross coast this afternoon between Balasore and Chandbali and weaken into a through of low pressure. Monsoon has been vigorous over North Malabar, Kanara and the Konkan, Calicut reporting seven inches and Honavar six inches of rainfall. Rainfall has been widespread over the country outside South-East Madras, the South-East Deccan, the plains of the United Provinces and North-West India. A few showers have, however, occurred in the plains of the United Provinces, the East Punjab and Kashmir.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 17TH EVENING:—Rainfall will be widespread in the Konkan, Gujarat, the Deccan, North Madras coast, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the central parts of the country, East Rajputana and the West United Provinces, showers will fall locally in Malabar, Mysore, the Madras Deccan, South-West Bengal, the East United Provinces the East Punjab and Kashmir and at a few stations in rest North-East India. West Rajputana and Lower Sind.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

There are two ways of dealing with people who see visions. One is to decide that the visions are not really there and that the people are mad or drunk, and the other is to treat the seer with honour and be grateful for a chance to look through his eyes. The classic retort of the artist to the lady who complained that she never saw the subject of his picture looking like 'that' is final and unanswerable: 'No, madam, but don't you wish you could'?

—Frederick Laws.

The Bombay Chronicle

PHYSICAL VIOLENCE TO SOLVE COLOUR PROBLEM IN S. AFRICA

An ordinary South African, who is not interested in politics, is not, as a rule, anti-Indian. It is only the politician, who does not like the presence of Indians in the Union, and has started the European versus non-European controversy, who is anti-Indian. Being gradually deprived of their hold over Asia, the Whites want to reserve Africa for exploitation by themselves alone. Hence, the anti-Indian feeling among those who govern South Africa. Typical of this attitude is the statement recently made by Mr. Oswald Pirow, an advocate, who was a member of the Hertzog Government and also of the second Round Table Conference on Indian affairs which was held at Cape Town. Mr. Pirow wrote recently in his mouthpiece, "Die Nuwe Orde" (The New Order): "It is time that powerful action should come from the nation itself—and that is physical violence. The young European men of South Africa should get rid of the public's excrescence of spiritual deterioration. Although it is a crime to incite people to violence, we offer this advice: If non-Europeans intrude themselves among Europeans, throw them out on their necks. If Europeans invite them and combine with them, throw these renegades out, too. We well know that this is no solution of the problem. But it will make the problem so urgent and spotlight it so clearly that the tackling of a fundamental solution cannot be longer delayed. Equality is encouraged by the Government, and an impression has been created that the Europeans have already resigned themselves to the inevitable, and that from now on they will passively watch the Black weir break over them. Salvation can only come from the nation itself. It can come in various ways, but there are many occasions when a blow from the fist is a display of vitality and not of unmannerliness."

Not only does Mr. Pirow talk of using violence to stop the non-European agitation for equality and fairplay, but he also talks of the "coming war" between the East and the West. He goes on to say: "What is important to us is not so much the date of the commencement of hostilities of the final struggle between the East and the West (although even in this matter things are moving swiftly), not the nature of the struggle, but what interests us is the stand our nation is going to take." Mr. Pirow seems to think that since the Whites are powerful today they have always been so throughout history and will always be so in future. He seems to think that the Whites are meant to rule and the non-Whites to be ruled. But he forgets that there has been a perennial conflict between the East and the West, throughout history.

The international situation today shows us that this conflict between the East and the West is fanned again by present events and especially by utterances like those of Mr. Pirow. But there is no reason why mankind should succumb to this theory of alternate attacks and not live as children of the same father.

Dollar Shortage

An interesting sidelight on the Paris Conference on American Aid to European recovery is supplied by the balance of trade position of the U.S.A. Even during the inter-war years America so persistently refused to buy abroad that it had to make up for its surplus of exports to more than half the extent by the expense of American globe trotters in other countries. In view of the phenomenally increased productive power of U.S.A. and the dilapidated state of industry and agriculture in the old world, the position has now become even more unbalanced. Only sixteen out of the 137 State units which enter into international commerce have an excess of exports to U.S.A. over imports from that country. Not a single important nation either in the old or the new world is included in this list of favourably situated States. Unless U.S.A. actively helps in increasing the productivity of both industry and agriculture, especially agriculture, in other countries of the world the whole mechanism of American trade relations with the rest of the world is bound to collapse. U.S.A.'s role in the Paris Conference is thus obviously not that of an unconcerned providence but it has at least as much to gain by European recovery as Europe itself.

Frankly Speaking

Sir C. P. On The Mat?

After staging his own little Jallianwala Baug on the State Congress meeting at Petah, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer is proceeding to Delhi, having been summoned there by the Viceroy. The Trivandrum announcement to this effect ostentatiously says that he is going there for a "very short stay"; and adds that he will return to Trivandrum in time for the Sri Swati Tirunal celebrations, beginning on July 25. This is a kind of notice to the world that the independence of Travancore being a "fait accompli", he is not going to attend the conference of Princes, scheduled to be held in New Delhi on July 25. That conference has been called by the newly created States Department to arrange for the maintenance of the links between the States and the Indian Union after August 15, till such time as they accede to the Union under the new constitution now being hammered out by the Constituent Assembly. These arrangements are not only necessary in themselves for the transition period, but are desirable from the point of view of facilitating the final set up of the States as integral parts of the Indian Union.

Recognising The Inevitable

That they have no future and that even their mere existence may be impossible except as units of the Indian Union is becoming more and more clear every day. For instance, Sir Hartley Shawcross, Attorney General, in the course of the Commons debate on the Indian Independence Bill stated categorically that the British Government did not propose to "recognise the States as separate international entities on August 15." And he pointed out only one of the difficulties arising out of such non-recognition when he drew attention to the problem of foreign representation and of passports. Surely no man can travel abroad on a passport issued by the independent Kingdom of Travancore! Although the British Government is pledged not to put any pressure on the States, the compulsion of facts is driving the States to recognise the inevitable. Geography and economies have made the States parts of India and they cannot be separated politically and administratively except at the grave risk of suffering and isolation.

Temporary Relief

Bombay will be relieved to know that the fear of a further cut in the ration quantum of the province has been removed for the present. As a result of the week-end conference at Delhi of Food Ministers of various provinces with Babu Rejendra Prasad, Government of India's Food Member, timely allocations have been made to help Bombay tide over the critical weeks till the end of August. The position that will arise thereafter is being carefully examined and Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minister of Civil Supplies, has expressed the hope that Bombay "will come through well." The Delhi conference also took steps to avert the threatened breakdown of the rationing system in Madras. Both these steps were made possible by a generous offer of 20,000 tons of rice by the Central Provinces. While the immediate danger is thus averted, the overall picture still remains somewhat gloomy. Taking all-India, the gap between our needs on the basis of a 12-ounce ration and procurements and expected imports is two million tons. This position is bound to be further upset by the partition of India, although there is nothing yet to fear that the two Dominions will not adopt an attitude of friendly co-operation in the matter of food. Since there is no visible means of bridging the huge gap, it is almost certain that India will, unfortunately, have to face a further cut in the present rations

A Ticklish Question

One of the subjects referred to by Mr. Attlee in the course of the debate in the Commons on the Indian Independence Bill was the question of Gurkha troops. He stated that negotiations were taking place with the authorities in Nepal and with the Government of India on the question and that he was hopeful of a satisfactory settlement. What the British would regard satisfactory is apparent from what Mr. Attlee said amidst cheers: "I think it is important that we should continue to have the use of the Gurkha troops as in the past." Remembering the fighting qualities of the Gurkhas and the magnificent contribution they made to the victory of the Allies in the two world wars and remembering in particular, the stirring and memorable incidents of reckless heroism such as the storming of Hangman's Hill at Cassino, one can understand the anxiety of the British "to have the use of Gurkha troops." But we must also pause to consider if it is proper for them to continue to use such troops and if it is practicable to do so. To say the least, it is not usual for any country to have a large number of aliens—citizens of another country—in its armed forces. It was quite another thing for the Gurkhas to be a part of the Indian army. Not only a long common frontier but common factors of culture and ethnology make Nepal almost a part of India. We say almost, because Nepal is an independent Kingdom and no Indian Government would do anything to impair that independence. Centuries of friendly relationship will not be marred by any attempt at altering the nature of that relationship. Britain, as master of India, no doubt had use of the Gurkha troops, as part of the Indian army. Should she, can she desire to have the same privilege even after she has relinquished her hold on India? And how would any such desire affect the defence and military interests of India? These are important questions, which need to be tackled with the utmost care and tact.

Our Readers' Views

Indian Independence Bill

Sir,—On Friday, 18th July, the Indian Independence Bill will become the constitutional law of this whole country. It is of such great importance that authentic copies of the Act as assented to by His Majesty must be very quickly available at all important centres in this country. Is the Government of India taking the necessary steps to produce and supply them?.—Yours, etc.,

P. R. LELE.

Girgaum, Bombay.

Pathanistan

Sir,—On the 8th of July 1947, a long Muslim League procession with their slogan "Ghazi-Amanullah Khan —Zindabad" passed through the Main Bazaar of Peshawar City. This means that the Muslim League is in favour of Pathanistan, for there is no difference between Amanullah Khan, Abdul Gaffar Khan and Afghanistan. Both of them served their nation for years together. Amanullah Khan had to leave his Throne for the sake of his nation. Gaffar Khan has suffered several years' imprisonment in order to free his Nation. Then what is the difference between Muslim League and Khan Gaffar Khan? By their abovementioned slogan everyone can understand that Muslim League is in favour of Pathanistan. Then why should they be against Pathanistan? They should join Khodai Khidmatgars and Zalmay Pakhtoon like Sheer Afzal Khan Barooch, Wasel khan, Gaffar Khan and Capt. Mohommd Din and thirty more Muslim National Guards, who favoured Pathanistan. We are sure that most of the Pathans will join Pathanistan and will not fight against each other.—Yours, etc.,

SIRDAR HAFIZULLAH KHAN,
SIRDAR INAYATULLAH KHAN,
SIRDAR HABIBULLAH KHAN,
SYED MOHOMMED YAQUB KHAN.

'C. P.'s" Megalomania

Sir,—The many excited statements that are being issued by Sir C.P. Ramaswamy Aiyer, about the Independence of Travancore State, are strongly suggestive of the typical symptoms of Megalomania. It reminds me of the case of a high-ranking British artillery officer in France during the First World War.

A big dump of ammunition was being kept in reserve for an impending offensive soon; but this particular officer, holding strongly the 'conviction' that he was the "one man" who could blast his way to Berlin with his artillery, one night, gave orders to the batteries under his command to open a heavy bombardment. As was bound to be, he only blew up the whole dump, created disorganisation and was removed from his command for court-martial. When it was found during inquiry, that he was very serious in holding his views and even then advocated his own strategy ,the Laboratory Department of the London Hospital came on the scene, for investigation of his blood and cerebro-spinal fluid, with the result that the findings furnished a complete explanation of his aberrant megalomanical beliefs and convictions. The court-martial was naturally dropped and he became a very ordinary medical case.

Travancore is such a small State and Sir C.P. Ramaswamy holds such grandiose views about himself and Travancore, that his intemperate excitement would very strongly suggest Megalomania. One wonders if it is not a fit case for investigation for a possible explanation and appropriate treatment

Indian National Flag

Sir,—A national flag is not a mere rag of coloured cloth: it is a perpetual reminder of nationhood; an inspirer to high deeds and uplifter to high ideals worthy of giving one's life to, to preserve its honour, dignity, purity and greatness. A flag designed for India should fulfil all these requirements. The "Bhagva" colour not only connotes and denotes non-attachment, renunciation, service and sacrifice, it has loved, revered inspiring national associations of an historical, traditional and spiritual character. It would therefore be peculiarly appropriate that the background of the Indian Flag should be in "bhagva" colour.

Next, as to the inscription on the flag, it is suggested that a revolving circle should be substituted for the present revolving wheel. What is the proposed device intended to signify? Turning round and round? What is urgently required at present is facing the truth and holding forth a noble ideal before the Indian nation to the attainment of which the people should bend their energies. From this point of view, the flag should show the boundary marks of India truncated—a perpetual reminder of what we have come to and a perpetual indicator of what we should aim at. India truncated has the appearance somewhat of a chalice. There should be shown on the flag as emerging from India, not the cold pale light of dawn, nor the faint flickering of a star, but a mighty living stream of fire and sparks covering the entire sky. Such a flag can never be dormant. Such a flag will permeate and keep awake and aroused the very soul of India. With such a flag, India will cease to be a country of snakes and tigers, a land of darkness and superstition, a backward, benighted, dying country: it will show itself as the birth place and conveyor of light, warmth, knowledge; it will show Arya-varta in its true vibrant glory—a bacon to humanity, now and for ever. Under the stimulating shadow of such a flag, there will be born men and women who will shake and transform this stricken world. Let us have a Flag of this character, a visible outward symbol of India's greatness. It will be worthy of India and India will be worthy of it.—Yours, etc.,

NAYAN H. PANDIA.

Vanaspati

Sir,—Frequently, one comes across the suggestion "why not use cold pressed crude vegetable oil prepared in the village ghanis or refined oil in the place of vanaspati." Such a suggestion apparently, ignores the following considerations.

Crude vegetable oil whether cold pressed or crushed in mechanical expellers, is bound to turn rancid, and that in a pretty short time in a hot country like ours, because of the presence of free fatty acid, and the consumption of such fats is known to produce toxic effects on humans resulting in diseases including certain types of anaemia, dermatitis and reproductive failure.

Vanaspati is mainly consumed in urban areas which are often far removed from villages and one can easily imagine the state in which cold pressed gnani oil from the village, full of free fatty acid, will arrive in such consuming centres after traversing vast distances in a tropical climate.

Refined oil, although better than crude oil in this respect, is still not immune to rancidity to the extent to which hydrogenated oil or vanaspati is.

Again, what about the oil loss by way of leakages in transit? Yours etc.

M. V. RAJA

Transvaal Indian Congress

Sir,—Before his departure for India, Mr. Z. V. Parekh, a Johannesburg merchant, in a statement to the Press indicated that he was to consult important leaders in India on the South African Indian question; and that he was a Councillor of the South African Indian Congress and ex-Secretary of the Transvaal Indian Congress.

Since this statement is capable of creating a misunderstanding the Trahsvaal Indian Congress wishes to make it clear that Mr. Parekh does not represent any political organisation in South Africa. It is true that at one time he was the Secretary of the Transvaal Indian Congress, but he was removed from office and a vote of no-confidence was unanimously recorded in him in 1946 by a mass meeting of 12,000 Transvaal Indians specially called for the purpose. Attendance at this meeting constituted over 70 per cent of Indian voters.

The elections of the T.I.C. which followed Mr. Parekh's removal from office were responsible for his further removal from the position he held on the Executive of the South African Indian Congress. That Mr. Parekh is no longer a member of the S.A.I.C. Executive is confirmed by the judgment of the Cape Supreme Court given during last month.

To-day, Mr. Parekh speaks for no-one but himself. The political views which he expresses have been totally rejected by the Indian community of the Transvaal and South Africa.—Yours, etc.

Y. A. CACHALIA.

Secretary, Transvaal Indian Congress.

Does Stalin Mean War?

By Edward Fitzgerald

Russia is the biggest question mark that hangs over world politics today. Where is she heading? Is it to be peace or war? In this exclusive dispatch, Edward Fitzgerald, UNIVERSAL'S roving representative in Europe, gives his answers and a peep-hole look of inside Russia, that is.

Moustached, unsmiling Stalin, the man of steel, rising from the cobbler's trade and vagabondage to rule one-sixth of the human race, is the world's biggest enigma today Does he mean peace or war?

Stalin isn't thinking in terms of war—not yet. That seems to be a safe bet. And I'll tell you why.

During my recent visit to Russia I hobnobbed with all sorts of people—from statesmen down to the ordinary worker in queues. War is a thing far from their minds. Reconstruction—almost with a vengeance—is what weighs with them today. It is a work of such gigantic proportions that the Russians can hardly have anything to distract them.

Russian Psychology

You probably mis Russian psychology if you think that they are doing it with self-effacing quietness. No. They talk about it vociferously, for today Russian pride is at its highest pitch. The average Russian feels that his country has won the war almost single-handed, and that he has a job of work to do in reconstructing the West.

But why then, you may ask, does Russia appear at loggerheads with every other power, and tie every international conference into knots with aggressive and obstructionist logic? Why the Russian finger of accusation against Britain or America on this or that pretext? Why does Molotov say "No," and again "No"?

The answer is easy and simple. Kremlin knows how much easier it is to get the Russians around and working at fever pitch by dangling before them the threat that capitalist democracies of the West are making one determined bid to strangle the innocent Soviet State. The average Russian takes this as gospel truth, and is ever alert. He has immeasurable faith in Stalin.

One Mission

Go through the Russian newspapers. They have but one mission, all others are secondary. The mission is to ensure uniformity of political outlook. Much care is taken to achieve this.

Scan through the foreign page and you might even get a bit of a fright. It is all one-way logic. you read of oppression, stark and deliberate, of double dealings, suppression of freedom and all the rest of it by the so-called Western democracies. Today, the villain of the piece may be Britain, tomorrow America, the day after Turkey or someone else. There is always somebody hatching something. These articles and reports, written cleverly, pass on to the people what the Soviet Government want them to believe. So there we are.

Marxist Attitude

Secondly, almost all the top leaders of Russia believe that the ideologies of the Soviet and those of Western capitalism have hardly any common meeting ground. Much less, they feel, can these get together side by side. It is the Marxist attitude. They feel, too, that one day, somehow or other, a clash between these two ideologies is sure to come, a clash which will give Communism its final and lasting victory over Capitalism. Beliefs like these are not very conducive to intimate and unreserved co-operation on the international plane.

So the Russians are trying to do the next best. They are seeking economic and strategic gains with as little actual conflict but with as such din as possible. Russian territory must be "safeguarded", as the attempts at enlarging spheres of influence. This in turn means extending political "frontiers" to the farthest extent possible. It is all a vicious circle, if you like to put it that way, of suspicions and doubts, of Marxian ambition trotting up excuses for every political move.

Typical Comment

Apart from the fear of "insecurity" and "encirclement", Russia feels sore that she has too little oil. About three-quarters of th. total world oil output outside the United States is in the Middle East It is more a question of pipelines than Zionism in Palestine. Russia realises that in the coming years oil will be a more potent influence than more ideologies.

I casually mentioned to a friend in Moscow reports that Russia already has atomic bombs. He shrugged his shoulders, gave me a quizzical stare and an elusive reply. He argued that in any case, in the normal progress of research, Russia will have atomic bombs in the next three or four years, despite U.S. unwillingness to share the secret with other nations. That is a typical Russian comment.

War Of Nerves

Taken in the round the Russian attitude today is one of war of nerves. With Soviet manpower and resources depleted by war losses and what remains of them now being thrown on colossal reconstruction work, Stalin knows he will be inviting disaster if he went in for actual conflict—even with atomic bombs if he has them already.

No, Russia is not in a position to stage a major conflict now. And Stalin is no gambler, either.

(COPYRIGHT)

STALIN TAKES A HAND

Anglo-Russian Trade Talks Take Favourable Turn

MOSCOW, July 16 (UPA).—Anglo-Russian trade talks took a favourable turn today and the head of the British delegation, Harold Wilson, has decided to remain here several more days after the conference with Soviet Foreign Trade Minister Mikoyan.

His decision to remain was the most optimistic note in two weeks of negotiation. The National Broadcasting Corporation reported that Stalin had intervened personally in the trade talks to offer Britain a million tons of wheat, presumably with the hope of offsetting United States offers to help Europe.

Jap Peace Treaty

U. S. Calls Eleven-Nation Conference

WASHINGTON, July 16 (Reuter)—The United States has called an Eleven-Nation Conference to meet in Washington on August 19 to begin work on the Peace Treaty for Japan.

A State Department Press Officer making this announcement today, described the conference as a "preliminary" meeting to be devoted to the "technicalities" of drafting a treaty. It was expected that the work of completing the draft would require several months.

"It is the view of the United States Government that other states at war with Japan should be given the opportunity to present their views while the treaty is being drafted, and after the draft has reached a sufficiently advanced stage, it should be considered by a general conference of all States at war with Japan."

The member countries of the Far Eastern Commission are Britain, Australia, Canada, China, France, India, the Netherlands, New Zealand, the Philippines, the Soviet Union and the United States.

FREEZING ORDERS BECOME LAW

Sind Premier's Assurance To Opposition: Govt. Not To Cause Hardship To Anyone

KARACHI, July 16 (API): Animated debate marked today's proceedings of the Sind Legislative Assembly which passed two Government Bills replacing the Ordinances issued earlier for requisitioning movable and immovable properties and freezing building materials essential for the establishment of the Pakistan centre in Karachi.

In the course of the debate the Premier and the Minister for Hindus referred to the assurances given by Mr. Jinnah and said that the minorities in Pakistan need not fear. Their rights would be safeguarded and they should co-operate with the Pakistan Government for the progress of their province.

The Premier referred to the development programme of the Sind Government, and said "within the next decade Karachi will be the New York of Pakistan.

Dealing with complaints about requisitioning of property and acquiring private land from the Congress Opposition, the Premier assured the House that his Government would not cause any hardship to anyone in finding accommodation for the personnel of the Pakistan Government. They expected an influx of about 40,000 to 50,000 people within a few days. He had discussed the housing problem with prominent Muslim citizens and the Mayor, and they had agreed to give them accommodation in their own houses until new Government quarters were completed.

Earlier, there were short exchanges between the Reforms Minister, Pirzada Abdul Satar, and Mr. Issardas Vasandmal (Congress), and the Speaker called them to order.

All the 15 Congress amendments were thrown out and the Bills were passed into law with an amendment from the Government giving right to the property owners to appeal within 15 days to the Provincial Government against the order of the Controller acquiring private property.

The House adjourned till tomorrow when the Government's land revenue proposals enhancing land assessment in 31 talukas yielding an additional revenue of about rupees two lakhs annually will be considered.

LEAGUE HIGH COMMAND TO SHIFT AFTER AUG. 15

KARACHI, July 16 (API).—The Muslim League High Command will shift its offices from New Delhi to Karachi, the capital of Pakistan, after August 15, it was learned here today.

The first Pakistan Special carrying about 800 technical staff from the Works and Mines Department, which will assist in the early completion of the new Pakistan Government buildings will arrive here early tomorrow. They will be encamped in tents.

SIND WANTS RETURN OF WHEAT LOAN

KARACHI, July 16, (API.) Mr. R. R. Pearce, Director of Civil Supplies announcing the decision of the Sind Government at a press conference said that it followed the necessary assurances demanded by Sind having been given by the Centre. The guarantee of the Central Food Department of the return of loaned wheat to Sind amounting to 50,000 tons, he added, was endorsed by the would-be Indian Dominion Government. Sind had agreed to send 50,000 tons of wheat or wheat products as surplus and another 50,000 tons as loan to be replaced by the Government of India, if and when required. Out of that quantity the Sind Government undertook to give 20,000 tons as wheat wheat and the rest as wheat products. But the Government of India had again asked for a further amount of 30,000 tons of whole wheat on the assurance that they would be replaced by foreign imports of whole wheat to be milled in Sind. He explained that that was necessary to meet Sind's requirements of wheat.

The stoppage of export involved 25,000 tons of wheat loaned to the Central Food Department, of which 10,000 tons were intended for consumption in Delhi and the rest for seed purposes.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

WASHINGTON, July 15: Mr. Clinton Anderson, United States Secretary of Agriculture, referring to the wheat agreement signed between Russia and Czecho-Slovakia, said: "We are now not contemplating sending any food to Czecho-Slovakia and we do not intend to ship grain to any countries that are adequately supplied elsewhere."

—Reuter.

* * *

Moving the Third Reading of the India Bill Sir Stafford Cripps distributed responsibility of the unfortunate division over all with generous impartiality explaining: "It is the inevitable outcome of a long history of difficulties and tensions, of lost opportunities and human failures of which we have all had our share."

Does he very unjustly mean to include (1) the time-honoured British phrase "peoples of India", (2) separate Electorates, (3) the contributions of the I.C.S. and other men on the spot, etc., too?

* * *

Warming up to this particular theme, Cripps went even so far as to declare "I am perfectly conscious myself that in the small part I have played, by greater wisdom and understanding at a particular moment, I might have made a greater contribution to a united India."

Courtesy demands that we should murmur "oh, no, no."

* * *

Dealing with the tendency to concentrate on Hindu-Muslim difficulties, Cripps tried to emphasise that "it should not be forgotten that there were also other important elements of the community, the Sikhs and the Pathans."

We can understand the Sikhs. But Pathans? What's the big idea? The Governor-General of Pakistan will, we hope, immediately denounce the sinister mischief behind the suggestion and demand a full explanation.

* * *

Referring to the problem of the position of Indian States, Sir Stafford Cripps urged that what was done must be freely done and must be acceptable to the States as well as to the people of India and Pakistan.

To the "States". And naturally. You see, "the people" of the "States" don't count.

* * *

In a passage of eloquent tribute, Sir Stafford said: "Their leaders (India's) who have struggled and suffered for the faith that was in them through the long and hard years, we salute now as fellow workers in the cause of world peace and progress."

That's all very well. But concentrating only on leaders who have struggled and suffered, etc. implies almost ostentatious ignoring of others. This is provocative insult which, we trust, is dealt with adequately.

* * *

Because, Earl Winterton, Tory spokesman pleaded, Indian leaders were Britain's former enemies there was no reason why they should not now become her friends.

First, we must notice with indignant protest, that like Sir Stafford Cripps, Earl Winterton too is ignoring so many other distinguished leaders as if Britain's "former enemies" alone were Indian leaders. This is an unfriendly blasphemy calling for retraction and recantation.

Secondly, could Earl Winterton's plea not be made to apply 'vice versa'? Or, because British Tories and Governing classes both in Britain and India are India's former enemies, they should for that reason continue as before?

* * *

Mr. R. A. Butler was anxious to stress that "we of the Opposition have always stressed the importance of the States in India as an integral question by itself....."

Don't we know it, as also the whole "we of the Opposition"?

CALCUTTA EDITOR'S ACQUITTAL SEQUEL

Bengal Government's Appeal In High Court

CALCUTTA, July 16, (API.) The appeal preferred by the Bengal Government against the order of a Howrah magistrate acquitting Mr. J. C. Himkar editor, printer and publisher of the "Dainik Jagriti" of an offence under Sec. 153A I.P.C. (class hatred) has been admitted by the Calcutta High Court, process has been issued against the respondent.

The Crown's case was that the editor published a news item in the issue of the paper dated September 28, 1946 and the language of the writing was of a nature calculated to produce or to promote feelings of enmity and hatred between Hindus and Muslims.

One issue involved was whether the terms "League Goondas" or "League Muslims" constituted any well defined class as contemplated by Sec. 153-A, I.P.C.

The magistrate found that the above terms were not sufficiently precise and an attack on them did not bring the respondent within the ambit of Sec. 153A.

The Government appealed as in its opinion there had been a failure of justice by the order of acquittal.

ORDER OF MERCY FOR MRS. W. MODY

BOMBAY, July 16 (A.P.I.): The Governor of Bombay presented Mrs. Winifred Mody with the medal of the Order of Mercy on behalf of H. R. H. the Duke of Gloucester, Grand President of the League of Mercy.

40 HURT IN TRAIN DERAILMENT

Sequel To Collapse Of Bridge Between Rai Bagh And Chinchali

HUBLI, July 16, (A. P. I.): About 40 persons were injured when the engine and a bogie of a passenger train proceeding from Poona to Bangalore were thrown off the rails following the collapse of a bridge. Two other bogies were telescoped. The condition of twelve persons is stated to be critical.

The accident occurred between Rai Bagh and Chinchali, about 40 miles from Miraj on the Belgaum side.

Medical aid has been rushed from Miraj to the scene of the accident and a relief train left last night from Hubli to pick up the stranded passengers.

Another version says that the accident, which is the first of its kind on the metre gauge in 15 years, occurred as the result of the removal of fish plates on the track over the bridge. Four bogies are stated to have been thrown down the bridge and three more were telescoped.

Official version is not yet available.

NONE KILLED

It is learnt from the doctor who belonged to the rescue party and who has returned here, that no passenger was killed but the engine and some bogies were derailed. Only 31 persons received injuries, two of them being fractures. The injured persons have been taken to the Miraj Hospital.

Official Version

HUBLI, July 16, (A.P.I.): The District Traffic Superintendent Hubli, M. and S. M. Railway in a Press Note says, last night at 10-20 p.m. Four Down Poona Bangalore Express passing between Chinchali and Rai Bagh met with an accident. The engine and seven bogies were derailed and three bogies remained on the track. "Thirty-one passengers were slightly injured and were attended to on the spot by the railway and local doctors. 25 of them were allowed to continue the journey after treatment and six were detained for further treatment. Transhipment of passengers was arranged. Through running is expected to be resumed today. The cause of the accident is under investigation. The General Manager and other officials are proceeding to the scene of the accident".

ARMED ATTACK ON TROOP TRAIN

Forty Killed In French Indo-China

SAIGON, July 16 (Reuter): Forty people, including a French Army Officer, Captain Saint Remy, were killed and others injured when a troop train was attacked by an armed gang at Binh Hoa, 30 miles east of Saigon, two days ago it was disclosed to-day.

The gangsters dispersed after a one-hour gun battle fought by another party of French troops.

TRUMAN RECEIVES PRINCE OF YEMEN

WASHINGTON, July 16 (UPA).—President Truman received Prince Abdullah of Yemen who gave the President a letter from his father together with various presents which were not opened immediately by Truman.

The Prince's visit was described as a courtesy call.

Montgomery To Address New Zealand Parliament

WELLINGTON, July 16, (Reuter). Field-Marshal Lord Montgomery, Chief, of the Imperial General Staff, now touring Australasia, will address a secret session of both houses of the New Zealand Parliament on Friday on Empire Defence it was announced in Parliament tonight.

ATHENS' CHARGE AGAINST ALBANIA

ATHENS, July 16, (Reuter): General Napoleon Zervas, Greek Minister of Public Order, reaffirmed in a statement sent last night from Jannina, Epirus, that the guerillas who attacked Konitza came from Albania.

"Eight battalions were organised and armed with powerful firearms on Albanian territory", he said: So far we have established that at least two battalions are of foreign origin.

"The attempted invasion of Epirus has failed", he added.

BRIG. P. N. THAPAR

NEW DELHI, July 16, (A.P.I.): Brig. P. N. Thapar has been appointed Director of Military Intelligence General Headquarters.

NEW YORK SEED PRICES

NEW YORK, July 15, (U.P.A.): Prices of seeds remained unchanged on the New York market today.

In the black pepper market, futures closed nominally 200 higher to 200 lower with no sales reported. Inactivity paralleled the dull situation on the spot market. Dealers said buyers interest remained negligible while sellers were equally indifferent and both sides were apparently watching the trend in outside markets. Closing prices included; July, September 32 asked, October 29 nominal, December, January, March and May 27 nominal.

MEXICAN MONEY MARKET DULL

MEXICO, CITY, July 14, (Delayed) (U.P.A.): The Mexican money market was dull on Monday with the price for all types of gold quoted at 4.14 and silver at 1.01.

SHIPMENTS OF ARGENTINE GOLD

NEW YORK, July 15, (U.P.A.): Although the Federal Reserve Bank has placed a secrecy ban it is learned that three shipments of Argentine gold have arrived here since Friday. There was one shipment on Friday of approximately 45 kegs worth 5,000,000 dollars and two shipments today. The total shipments are believed to be slightly over 15,000,000 dollars.

It is also learned that Pan American Airways, in seven shipments scattered over the past two months, carried between 60 and 70 kegs each flight with some gold addressed as "in transit" to Iran and Bombay via Beirut. This would indicate that some Argentine gold is being sold at above the world price

TRAVANCORE RULER IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH VICEROY

Dewan's Attitude To Indian Union Lacking Maharaja's Approval?

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 16.

The States Ministers now in New Delhi have been holding informal discussions amongst themselves to iron out their differences before their rulers arrive here for the conference on July 25.

Unconfirmed reports current here that the ruler of Travancore is in direct correspondence with the Viceroy in the course of which he has informed His Excellency that his Dewan's attitude towards Indian Union lacks his approval.

According to another report the ex- ruler of Indore will shortly issue an appeal to the Marahattas of his State to declare themselves for joining the Indian Union.

Majority Of States To Accede To Indian Union

NEW DELHI, July 16 (A.P.I.): A number of Indian States covering a wide area with an aggregate population of over 60 millions are expected to accede to the Indian Dominion by August 15, the day on which the Dominion comes into existence, according to informed quarters here.

Second in importance only to the Indian Independence Bill now before the House of Lords and which will receive the Royal Assent within the next 48 hours, it is pointed out, are the discussions now going on between the Viceroy Lord Mountbatten and the Indian States Department on the one hand and the representatives of States and rulers on the other in regard to the immediate accession of the States to either of the Dominions in accordance with geographical contiguity.

PRELIMINARY TALKS

The Viceroy has already finished his first round of talks with the rulers or representatives of almost all the major States and is seeing the Dewan of Travancore and the Nawab of Bhopal in the next few days. Representatives of the Nizam who had already conferred with the Viceroy, Sardar Patel and Pandit Nehru, are expected to arrive in Delhi again during this week.

These preliminary discussions which the Viceroy is having, it is pointed out, will clarify the issues involved and smoothen the task before the July 25 conference which Lord Mountbatten has convened.

Rulers and representatives of all the Indian States have been invited to the conference.

AGENDA

The agenda for the conference, it is understood, includes, accession, appointment of an advisory committee for the States Department, arbitral procedure for the settlement of disputes, extradition and the channel of correspondence, that is a liaison machinery between the States on the one hand and the Dominion Governments and the provinces on the other.

It is considered possible that a joint announcement would be shortly made by the rulers of a number of States declaring their accession to the Indian Dominion.

Meanwhile, four law officers attached to the Reforms Commissioner's Office are working long hours drafting the necessary adaptation of Part II of the Government of India Act, 1935, which deals with the establishment of a federation and the accession of the Indian States.

DRAFT ADAPTATION

The draft adaptation will be considered by a Committee of Four consisting of Sir N. Gopalswami Iyengar, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Sir B. N. Rau and Sir Alladi Krishnaswami Iyer. A similar procedure will be adopted in regard to the Pakistan Dominion as well. It is expected that these adaptations will be finalized before the end of this month.

Observers here point out that the question before the majority of the States is not whether to join the Constituent Assembly or not but immediate accession to the Dominion on the basis of the Cabinet Mission's Scheme, that is, in respect of the minimum subjects, Defence, External Affairs and Communications. The standstill agreement, a draft of which has already been circulated to the States, has now assumed lesser importance.

It is learned that the suggestion made in certain quarters to the effect that the States which accede to the Dominion of India will have to pay heavy contributions to the Federal Centre is without any foundation.

"SARDAR'S STATEMENT SHOULD ALLAY FEARS OF STATES

NEW DELHI, July 16 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Sreenivasan, Vice-President of the Gwalior Executive Council and member of the Constituent Assembly in the course of statement, said that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's recent "courageous, statesmanlike and friendly statement" should help in no small measure to allay the doubts and fears of those States which had so far felt themselves unable to join and help the Assembly in its great and difficult task.

TRIVANDRUM CITY FATHERS' PROTEST AGAINST FIRING

TRIVANDRUM, July 16. (A.P.I.): By eleven votes to four, two remaining neutral, the Trivandrum Corporation resolved to adjourn for fifteen minutes last evening to protest against the firing by police at the public meeting in the city on Sunday last

ARMED CLASH BETWEEN KHAKSARS AND POLICE

NEW DELHI, July 16 (U.P.I.): A clash took place between the police and Khaksars armed with 'belchas' last evening in Chandni Chowk as a result of which two Khaksars and two police constables were injured.

Eight Khaksars were arrested.

Sultani Press Security Forfeited

BOMBAY, July 16, (UPI) The security of Rs. 3,000 deposited by Mr. Sultan Hussein Ahmed Hussein, keeper of the Sultani Fine Art Litho and Printing Press Bombay has been forfeited by the Government of Bombay. The action has been taken under the Indian Press (Emergency) Powers) Act, 1931.

AIR TRANSPORT BETWEEN INDIA AND FRANCE

Agreement Signed In Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 16 (A.P.I.): A bilateral air transport agreement between the Government of India and the French Republic was signed in New Delhi to-day by the Hon'ble Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Member for External Affairs, and the Hon'ble Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Member for Communications, on behalf of the Government of India and by Monsiur Henri Roux, Charge d'Affaires of France on behalf of the Government of the French Republic says a 'communique.'

The India-France agreement consists of 13 articles and an annexe and defines the conditions under which the scheduled air services of each country are to be operated between the territories of France and India.

CONSEMBLY TURNS DOWN MOHANI'S AMENDMENT

(Continued From Page 1)

Province, who would fill in casual vacancies.

Pt. Pant's amendment, which was accepted by the House, read: "There shall be a Deputy Governor for every Province. He will be elected by the Provincial Legislature on the system of proportional representation by single transferable vote after every general election. The Deputy Governor will fill a casual vacancy in the office of the Governor for the remainder of the term of office of the Governor and he will also act for the Governor in his absence."

While the House was generally agreed on the desirability of having a Deputy Governor, during the brief debate than ensued on the clause, a number of members pointed out the lacunae which had yet to be filled in such as: "Who would decide whether a casual vacancy had occurred? What would happen if the Governor and the Deputy Governor were both incapacitated? What would the Deputy Governor do normally?

Mr. Rohini Kumar Chaudhry striking a humorous note asked would the Deputy Governors sit and pray for the day when there would be a casual vacancy?

SARDAR'S REPLY

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, replying to the debate, pointed out that in most constitutions in the world difficulties were bound to arise, but human ingenuity had always risen equal to the occasion and found remedies. The Provincial constitution could, he pointed out, be revised in the first three years. If any of the difficulties envisaged by the members arose, then they could be removed by the legislature.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed, Mr. Pocker, Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyangar, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. Rohini Kumar Chaudhry, Mr. Khaitan and Mr. Nichols Roy participated in the debate.

The House agreed to Clauses IV (age qualifications, V (disputes regarding election), VI (conditions of Governor's office) and VII (Executive Authority of Province) with an amendment moved by Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar to Clause VI.

The amendment provides that no person holding any office, position of emolument in the regular services of the Provincial Government or the Union Government, or any local authority subordinate to them, shall be eligible for election as Governor.

EXPERT COMMITTEE

At the suggestion of Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Iyer, the discussion of Clause VIII relating to the extent of the Executive Authority of the Province was postponed till day after tomorrow and an expert committee was appointed to redraft the clause.

Sir Alladi's reference was to the possibility of agreements between Provinces and States whereby a Province could acquire certain extra-provincial jurisdiction over legislative and judicial matters covered by special agreements. It would be necessary to consider whether any provision should be made for Federal Intervention in such matters, said Sir Alladi.

Mr. K. M. Munshi supported postponement of discussion.

Sardar Patel accepted the suggestion and an expert committee consisting of Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Iyer, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, Sir B. L. Mitter and Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar was set up to go into the clause and redraft it by day after tomorrow.

IN HOLIDAY MOOD

The President, responding to a suggestion by a number of members, adjourned the House till tomorrow, remarking, "the House seems to be in a holiday mood."

ALLEGED BREACH OF PRIVILEGE

NEW DELHI, July 16 (API).—When the Constituent Assembly met this afternoon Mr. Sri Prakasa complained of a "breach of privilege" of the members of the House some of whom coming in tongas were not permitted, he said, to drive up to the porch of the Council Hall but were stopped some 50 yards away and that only those who arrived in cars were allowed to the porch. He appealed to the Chair to save the members from "this snobbery." He added that those who arrived in tongas were drenched in the rain as they had to walk up to the porch.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the President, directed the Secretary to look into the complaint.

The President announced the election of Mr. H. C. Mukerjee and Sir V. T. Krishnamachari as Vice-Presidents of the Constituent Assembly.

NOMINATIONS TO ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The President of the Constituent Assembly has nominated the following members to the Advisory Committee on Fundamental Rights, Minorities and the Administration of Tribal and Excluded Areas says a communique issued by the Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly:

1. Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman 2. Saiyid Jaffar Imam 3. The Hon'ble Mr. Ismail Chundrigar 4. Saiyid Muhammad Saadulla 5. Haji Abdul Sathar Haji Ishaq Sait 6. Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai 7. The Hon'ble Maharajadhiraja Sir Kameshwara Singh of Dharbhanga. 8. Mr. N. Madhava Rau 9. Dr. Mohan Singh Mehta 10. Mr. M. S. Aney 11. Shri Darbar Gopaldas 12. Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt 13. Mr. Chengalroyal Reddy.

MINORITIES SUB-COMMITTEE

Of the above members, the President has nominated the following to the Sub-Committee on Minorities:

1. Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman 2. The Hon'ble Mr. Ismail Chundrigar 3. Saiyid Muhammad Saadulla 4. Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai 5. The Hon'ble Maharajadhiraja Sir Kameshwara Singh of Darbhanga.

MINORITIES SUB-COMMITTEE MEETING

The following press communique has been issued by the Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly:—

A meeting of the Minorities Sub-Committee of the Constituent Assembly will be held on July 21, 1947, at 10 a.m. in the Council of State Chamber, Council House, New Delhi.

Formal invitations have been sent to all the members of the Sub-Committee, but those members who do not receive these invitations in time are requested to take note of this official invitation.

There will be no meeting of the Constituent Assembly on Saturday, July 19.

DIVISION OF GURKHA TROOPS

NEW DELHI, July 16, (A.P.I.): It is learnt that following the visit of Brig. Lyne in April to Nepal it was tentatively agreed that of the 20 battalions of Gurkha troops in the Indian Army eight should go the British and twelve to the Indian army.

JINNAH NOT IN IT

It was authoritatively denied today that Mr. Jinnah wrote to the Nepal Government for a share in the recruitment of Gurkha troops or that he had received any communication from the Nepal Government on this question.

BR. TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR PAKISTAN

KARACHI, July 16, (A.P.I.): A British Trade Commissioner of senior rank is shortly expected to be appointed here for Pakistan, it is reliably learnt. The offices of the Brtish High Commissioner and British Trade Commissioner with skeleton staff have already been established in the Karachi Chamber of Commerce Buildings.

DIPLOMATIC REPRESENTATION OF PAKISTAN

NEW DELHI, July 16, (A.P.I.): A tentative plan for diplomatic representation of Pakistan it is learnt, has been drawn up. Within six months of the formation of the Dominion of Pakistan it is hoped that there will be a High Commissioner in the United Kingdom, an Ambassador in Washington and ministers and consuls in the Middle Eastern Countries as well as Indonesia.

A Pakistan High Commissioner in India will be appointed immediately the two dominions come into being.

'DEFENDERS OF ARABS OF PALESTINE'

Mysterious Messages Received In Paris

PARIS, July 16 (Reuter): Press correspondents here received to-day undated typed messages purporting to come from an organization called "Defenders of the Arabs of Palestine" and stating:

"Our fighters in Italy have now gone into action for the first time.

"They have attacked our enemy at the strongest point of his organisation, that is to say their ships, used as transport for the invaders of Palestine," the message said.

"The result is that a large number of these invaders will not be carried to the promised land."

GRAND MUFTI'S WIFE CALLS FOR ARAB WOMEN'S RALLY

JERUSALEM, July 16 (Reuter): Madame Haj Amin el Husseini, wife of the Mufti of Jerusalem, sent a message from Cairo to-day in which she urged 1,800 Muslim and Christian Arab women holding a rally here: "Divorce your husband if he sells land to the Jews. Dress simply and economics in the household."

She called on all Arab women in Palestine to join their husbands and brothers "in the struggle against Zionism."

SOCIAL SERVICE DEPTS. IN CITY HOSPITALS

BOMBAY, July 16 (A.P.I.): Three hospitals in Bombay have started social service Departments, as recommended by the Bhore Committee, with the co-operation of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences.

Miss Lois Blakey of Louisville University, visiting professor of medical social work of the Institute, has been appointed honorary supervisor of medical social workers in these hospitals. The Institute has also started an intensive course in medical social work under her guidance for the benefit of these workers.

Lords Send India Bill For Royal Assent

(Continued From Page 1)

would endorse the free choice of the States.

Britain's new partnership with India and Pakistan, Lord Listowel declared, would surely transform the Commonwealth into an even more impressive and useful example of international co-operation than it had been hitherto as a group of countries sprung from Europe and with their roots in the West.

"I need not enlarge upon the potentialitnes of this new association between east and west as a stabilising influence and a means of maintaining the delicate and often precarious equilibrium indispensable for peaceful progress".

'A GOOD OMEN'

He paid tribute to the "statesmanship revealed by the Indian leaders in arriving at an agreed settlement about the future of India". This and the "wise tolerance" of their attitude to religious and social minorities were a good omen.

Lord Listowel concluded: "I know that their fellow citizens throughout the Commonwealth will wish them success in their great venture and that we can assure them that each of their sister nations will do its utmost to give them any help they may require.

"I am certain that I shall speak for every member of this House when I say: We wish India from the bottom of our hearts the tranquility, the growing prosperity and the moral stature which are the true qualities of national greatness. Our love of India and our desire to serve her are stronger than ever. We only ask for the opportunity". (Cheers).

TEMPLEWOOD'S HOPES AND FEARS

Viscount Templewood, former Secretary, for India, said he re-echod Lord Listowel's last words, but he did not approach these complicated questions without a mixture of hope and fear.

Viscount Templewood said there were some questions which disturbed him—would the two Dominions live together in peace? Would a satisfactory place be found for the Sikhs? Would there be satisfactory relations between British and Indian India? Could Defence be secured by two separate Governments? Would untouchability be abolished and would Communism prove a most urgent danger?

Viscount Templewood said he asked these questions not because he was pessimistic but because he wished to show how difficult the situation was which the two Dominions faced.

Dealing with Defence, he said the Indian Army was being divided when the Indian sub-continent and Indian Ocean had become the greatest strategic centre in the world. If the two Defence forces went into water-tight compartments, the Defence of India would be irreparably damaged. He hoped the greatest possible co-operation would grow between them.

Viscount Samuel, leader of the Liberal Party in the House of Lords, said he supported the Bill because it was in definite terms the principles of the policy to which all parties had given their adherence in the Charter of the United Nations and the Atlantic Charter. —

TRIBUTE TO GANDHIJI'S INFLUENCE

The fact that there had been no open rebellion in India was a tribute very largely to the influence of Mr. Gandhi and his creed of non-violence, Viscount Samuel declared. But for that, the course of events in India might have been very different

Lord Halifax, a former Viceroy, began with a tribute to the Government which he said broadly speaking had deserved well of the Commonwealth for the approach they had made to these problems in the last few months.

"Too often in India, British policy has suffered frustration and condemnation of too little and too late," he declared. The British Government's approach to "this tangled problem" had been inspired with courage and imagination and supported by an indomitable vigour and resource of the present Viceroy.

Lord Halifax said, British were about the only people in the world to combine a great reverence for their historic monarchy with the practice and attributes of a "vital and adventurous democracy."

"APPLE OF DISCORD"

Lord Pethick-Lawrence, former Secretary for India and leader of the British Cabinet Mission to India, said he might be pardoned for saying that the federal solution envisaged in the 1935 Act and the federal system which the Cabinet Mission proposed last year in India would have been better than the scheme now being put in operation.

The Cabinet's proposals, however, did not survive the fire of criticisms, doubts and suspicions in India, Lord Pethick-Lawrence said. Therefore, he thought it much better to have a solution that might not appear so good on paper but commanded the real and genuine support of, at any rate, the leading sections of opinion, than one that might be ideally and theoretically better but which would really plant the apple of discord in their midst.

Lord Pethick-Lawrence said that even if the new Dominions did not find a lasting home in the Commonwealth, he was certain they could still count on the help and encouragement of members of the Commonwealth family on setting up housekeeping on their own.

Lord Rankeillour, Conservative, said he could not share Lord Halifax's optimism. The Bill was welcome to the extent that it would prevent immediate civil war and no further. As a long term measure, it was simply grotesque.

Viscount Addison, leader of the House, said the British Government sincerely believed that the greatest safeguard for minorities was to give responsibility to those who lived in India. Paying a warm tribute to the work of the Prime Minister, Lord Addison said it was due to Mr. Attlee that Lord Mountbatten went to India. "When I heard the suggestion I was taken aback, but I must say it was a very brave one," he added.

SINHA ON BRITISH REPUTATION

Lord Sinhha, the only Indian Peer, said the British people had amply justified their world reputation for keeping their word. India had a great spiritual background and this "great act of faith" had made such an appeal to the people of India that in the midst of all the riots during the last year or so, not a hair of the head of any British man, woman or child or any of their property had been touched or damaged.

Lord Salisbury, Leader of the Opposition, said the only fears the Opposition had had were that if steps towards complete self-rule were taken too quickly, all that had been gained by so much effort might be imperilled. In some respects, he said, their fears were justified because the situation, though perhaps it had improved in some ways, had in others slid away from under the Government's feet.

Now they were faced with the regrettable division of the country with all the dangers that involved.

"DIE WAS CAST"

It would be easy to criticise the Bill, but one had to face the fact that the die was cast. Lord Salisbury thought the Princes had had a "raw deal." The Princes, Britain's "oldest and most tried friends," were bleakly and uncompromisingly told that the perpetual treaties by which they were bound to the Crown were abrogated and they were left to their own resources. It seemed that that was done without any prior consultation. He hoped that if the Greater Princes, after August 15, approached the British Government and asked for the renewal of alliances, which had been so fruitful to them and Britain, the Government would show itself ready to renew relations. That, he submitted, was the only course consistent with British national honour.

SOCIAL EVOLUTION IN INDIA

The Earl of Listowel, the Secretary of State for India said he was sure that the message which members of the House of Lords would wish to go out to India was that sympathy and goodwill accounted for so much more than formal constitutional relationship and achieved more lasting results in relations between Nations. He was sure, it would give the Indian leaders the maximum encouragement as they began their great new task.

Speaking about the Minorities, Lord Listowel said, he would like to mention an encouraging experience. He had had lunch with the Minister of Labour in the Interim Government, who was a member of the Scheduled Classes. That would not have been possible a number of years ago and it was evidence of the direction in which the social evolution of India was moving.

PENSIONS FROM STERLING BALANCES

Referring to pensions, Lord Listowel said the British Government would do their best to make a success of negotiations with the Dominion Governments for earmarking a sum out of the Sterling Balances for payment of pensions for the Secretary of State's Services.

The Government also intended during these financial discussions, which would centre mainly upon the Secretary of States Services, to enquire if a capital sum might not be set aside in discharge of liability for pensions, provident funds, etc. of the members of the uncovenanted services who drew their pensions in sterling.

SELBORNE FEARS RELAPSE

Lord Selborne said: Racial and religious fires had never burned more fiercely. The amount of violence in the last two years was something terrible and now the army was being divided up rather in the manner that sides were picked before a football match. It was impossible to believe that peace could be maintained under such conditions.

He could not but regard the future of India under this settlement as a relapse into that internecine warfare from which Britain rescued it and he would be surprised if other countries did not intervene in that warfare either openly or secretly.

The Bill was read a second time, passed through the Committee stage without amendments, read a third time and passed.

REGENCY FOR KHAIRPUR

KARACHI, July 16 (O.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Khuhro, Minister Public Works Department, Sind Government, disclosed in an interview to the Orient Press of India that the Political Department of India through the Resident of Punjab States have ordered the abolition of the Council of Administration of Khairpur State. A Board of Regency has been set up consisting of five Sahibzadas. Mir Ghulam Hussain Khan has been elected as the Chairman.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

While assuring India of Britain's co-operation, Mr. Attlee made some remarks in the House of Commons which sound quite pompous. Speaking of his "friends" who are Muslims, Hindus and Sikhs (note the approach to friendship), he said, "I see them from time to time and we are able to talk together as friends. Now that this big idea of domination is being removed, we can speak as friends and equals."

Only now?

How did Mr. Attlee speak to his Indian "friends" while domination was still on?

* * *

From my secret gestapo sources I am able to reveal the programme of celebration now under discussion by the Government of Bombay, in close consultation with the B.P.C.C.

6 A.M.: Ablutions.

7 A.M.: Hindu cha will be served at all stations of the G.I.P.

7-30 A.M.: All-India Radio will play one hour of harmonium music.

8-30 A.M. Open air meeting at Chowpatty sands to be addressed by B.P.C.C.'s President, Sjt. S. K. Patil who will speak for one hour on the meaning of freedom.

9-30 A.M.: Political Prisoners, including those who have excited Warlis against landlords, will be given a special celebration breakfast of dhal and puris.

11 A.M. All-India Radio will put on a special recording of Indian film music.

11-30 A.M. Lunch interval during which there will be kerb trading at the Share Bazaar.

4-30 p.m. Tea at Purohit's.

8-30 p.m. Dinner at Madhav Baug at which the poor will be given special front row seats to watch the festival.

9-30 p.m.: All-India Radio will relay news from the B.B.C., this being the only reliable news.

10 p.m.: All-India Radio will feature a special talk on rationing and how to supplement your diet.

10-30 to 11-30 p.m. Prayer Meeting at Birla House.

11-30 p.m.: All-India Radio will close its transmission for the day with the words "Jai Hind."

ACID ATTACK ON CALCUTTA BUS

CALCUTTA, July 16 (API).—Only six incidents resulting in injuries to eleven persons were reported today upto 9 p.m., according to a Bengal Government Press Note issued tonight.

These included an acid attack on some passengers in a lorry in the jurisdiction of North Division Port Police. Taltola Police Station reported a case of firing by miscreants and two bomb attacks occurred in Watgunge and Bowbazar areas. There were only two stray assaults, the affected localities being under Bellighata and Entally Police Stations.

Howrah reported four incidents, three being cases of bomb attack causing no casualties. On one occasion when a miscreant threw a bomb at a lorry the armed guards of the Port Commissioner fired some rounds but no one received injuries. Howrah Police Station also reported a case involving use of firearms.

FATAL STABBING IN LAHORE

LAHORE, July 16 (API).—One person was fatally stabbed last evening near the Moghul-Pura Railway Workshop. Troops and police have been posted in the area. Strict measures have been taken by the Cantonment Magistrate to ensure peace and tranquility in the workshop.

A deserted house was set on fire early this morning in Kucha Pratapian.

A severe dust-storm swept Lahore this morning, re-kindling two old fires in Vada Vehra and Kucha Balian inside Bhati Gate. The fires were quickly brought under control.

AMRITSAR, July 15 (API).—There were three ineffective bomb explosions in three areas of division this afternoon.

Two bombs were discovered from village Sangana in the Saddar police station area.

A factory of electrical goods outside municipal limits was set on fire.

Four rifles and about 40 pounds of Afghan opium were recovered from two tribal Pathans at the Lahore Railway station today by the Excise Department and the Railway Police. The two Pathans were taken into custody.

BERLIN, July 16, (A.P.A.): India was one of the 14 countries which received industrial equipment from factories in the U.S. Zone of Germany as reparations during June 1947, Garen A. McJunkins Chief of the American Military Government's Reparations Sections announced today.

R

HAVE YOU OBTAINED THE NECESSARY DECLARATION FORMS AND HAVE YOU GOT THEM READY DULY FILLED IN?

IF NOT, DO SO NOW

Remember if you do not tender the declaration forms duly filled in during the prescribed week at your ration shop and get your ration cards stamped you will not be able to draw your ration.

Those whose ration cards are registered at ration shops in A, B, C, D, E (East) and F(South) Wards should tender the declaration forms from July 20, 1947 to July 27, 1947 and those whose ration cards are registered at ration shops in E (West), F (North), G (South) and G (North) Wards of the City and at ration shops in the Suburbs should tender the declaration forms from July 27, 1947 to August 2, 1947. Keep these declaration forms ready duly filled in now and tender the same during the week prescribed for you along with all the relevant documents and ration cards of foodgrains sugar, kerosene, cloth etc. in respect of the person whose names are entered in the forms.

Indians Can Count On Br. Help & Sympathy

ATTLEE'S ASSURANCE IN COMMONS: HOPES SEPARATION WILL LATER LEAD TO LARGER UNITY

LONDON, July 15, (Reuter):

Mr. Attlee, the British Prime Minister, addressing the House of Commons, during the third reading of the India Independence Bill said:

"I endeavoured then to pay a tribute both to British and Indians; both to the British who served in India and have been working here for what had been done to lead up to the day that India achieves complete self-Government (cheers).

"The House has shown the way in which one can handle a great scene on a great occasion (renewed cheers).

"I should like to pay tribute to all members of the House and particularly members of the Opposition for the great self-control and forbearance they have shown in helping to get this Bill through.

"In this House there is a great reservoir of knowledge of Indian subjects. Some members have spent long years in India, some members have served with the Indian forces and some members have had long experience of office.

"It follows, therefore, that in a Bill as this which is necessarily rather an enabling than a detailed Bill, there were a great many points on which members could have spoken at great length. I am grateful to everyone for realising the urgency of this matter"

PRACTICAL POINTS OF CO-OPERATION

Mr. Attlee associated himself with Lord Winterton in the tribute paid to the Viceroy for his handling of a difficult situation. It was also a difficult situation for the leaders of the Indian parties, he declared.

Mr. Attlee said, "I think the House quite willingly understands why we ought to cut short this trying time to as small an interval as possible. We want to get the new Governments at work. Everything will depend on the statesmanship shown and I believe it will be forthcoming. (Cheers).

"I have had to follow these affairs for many years. I have noticed especially in the last few months a far greater degree of realism and a far greater appreciation that we have now passed away from the time of words and come to the time of deeds and action to be taken.

"In dealing with the practical problems that present themselves to Indian statesmen, we shall be getting away from slogans and getting down to practical points of co-operation".

There was an assent when the Prime Minister added: "I am speaking for everyone in this House and in this country when I say that in the new state of affairs in India the Indians can count on the utmost sympathy and help from the people in this country; help given without the slightest degree of patronage (Cheers).

"We extend a warm friendship to the Indian people. Many of us have close friends amongst them. I have friends who are Muslims, Hindus Sikhs and who belong to the depressed classes. I see them from time to time and we are able to talk together as friends. Now that this big idea of domination is being removed, we can speak as friends and equals. We can help India and India can do a great service in helping the world.

"I would draw the attention of the House to the magnitude of this experiment. This concerns 400 million human beings. To expect to get complete agreement amongst them is really a dream.

DIVISION IS NOT DISRUPTION

Mr. Attlee continued: "Some people do suggest we should bring the great masses in Europe into one policy. In India the unity was brought about because it was superimposed. When that was taken away old rivalries appeared again.

"But I believe this long course of time in which Indians of different creeds, castes and from different parts of the country, have worked together in the Government and fought side by side in campaigns, has brought about real unity of India and this division will not mean disruption.

"I think everyone realises that a completely unitary system of Government was impossible. We hoped these differences would find their full legitimate scope in federation.

"But building up a federation is very difficult," Mr. Attlee added, "It has seldom been done by splitting a unitary Government into federation. It has come about by the union of separate partners who, having felt their own independence, have then felt the need for collaboration. I am hopeful that in course of time this separation will come into a larger unity, a federation in which the partners will have full scope and at the same time unity.

"In parting with this bill from this House, I do it not with a feeling of elation but with a feeling of responsibility and some feeling of anxiety, but also with an unquenchable hope that things will work out for the good of all the people of India."

There were loud cheers when the Prime Minister sat down.

The speaker then put the question that the Bill should be read a third time and this was carried without a dissenting voice.

Cheers were renewed when the Prime Minister and Sir Stafford Cripps left the chamber.

The bill now goes to the House of Lords for debate tomorrow.

DOOR MUST BE LEFT OPEN TO STATES

Earlier, during the debate Lord Winterton said few statesmen had moulded the policy of their country to the extent Lord Mountbatten had done. He believed that the new relationship would be both striking and fruitful, for there was a constant growth of new ideas within the ambit of the British Government.

He did not want to say anything further than had been said regarding the states except that the door must be left open.

With regard to the civil servants they had he thought on the whole, satisfactory assurances and he hoped that the Government would continue to do everything they could, in consultation with the new authorities, to try to stabilise and safeguard in every possible way the position of these people.

Then there was the question of the scheduled class.

One of the many evil things Mr. Gandhi had done to India was what he had succeeded in bringing about by the Poona Pact. Had it not been for his action these people would have enjoyed a much better franchise than they did today, but Mr. Gandhi threatened to fast to death.

If he again threatened to fast to death after the transfer, it would not be the affair of the British Government.

It had been said that Britain left India a cockpit. Few people had done more than Mr. Gandhi to make it a cockpit and he regretted that at this late hour Mr. Gandhi had shown no appreciation of the task which had been achieved by the British on the one hand and Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Nehru on the other.

It was almost compulsory on such occasions as this to indulge in some sort of platitudinous metaphor, Lord Winterton said, but he thought all these metaphors had been used up by previous speakers. If he said, a new page was turned over in the history of the sub-continent, he must confess he would have great doubt as to what the writing on it would be.

If he said, a new voyage was projected for the Indian ship of state, he would have to add that it had two captains with different ideas on its course.

If Lord Winterton said, he had explored every avenue, he would not have the slightest idea of what was at the end of it. But wherever the avenue ended, they hoped it would have a bright vista.

He would like to do one thing and that was to plead for friendship between Great Britain and the two Indian units. That friendship must be reciprocal and genuine on both sides and on a level of equality. He saw no reason why it should not be.

Because Indian leaders were Britain's former enemies there was no reason why they should not become friends. There was infinitely more in common with the men in power in India than the British had with the man in another capital of Europe.

There were loud cheers when Lord Winterton finished.

Frontier Referendum Results On July 20

PESHAWAR, July 15, (API): The referendum in most of the constituencies is over and the polling in the remaining constituencies will conclude on July 17. The result is likely to be announced by July 20. Judging from votes so far polled in favour of Pakistan the Muslim League claims to have won the referendum by more than 50 per cent of the total votes.

MOUNTBATTEN'S COUSIN ARRESTED

Alleged To Have Issued Worthless Cheque

NEW YORK, July 16 (APA): The police said last night that Lady Iris Mountbatten Omalley, 27-year old cousin of King George VI and of Lord Mountbatten, the Viceroy of India, has been arrested on a charge of being a fugitive from Washington and on a warrant accusing her of issuing a worthless cheque.

Three policemen made the arrest and took Lady Iris to Police Headquarters.

Police told her that her warrant alleged that on June 9 she issued a worthless cheque for 88 dollars 95 cent in payment for two dresses. The cheque, police added, was apparently issued on a bank in which Lady Iris formerly had an account.

The authorities quoted Lady Iris as saying she did not know it was an offence to issue a cheque without funds in the bank where she formerly had an account, adding it was not a crime in England where she said, the Bank communicates with the person issuing a cheque.

Sir Francis Evans British Consul-General, accompanied Lady Iris to Police Headquarters, but refused to comment other than to identify her.

ASIAN ECONOMIC COMMISSION

Nehru Will Fight Until His Aim Is Achieved

LAKE SUCCESS, July 16 (Reuter): Opposing British and Indian views on the method of admission of non-self-governing territories to associate membership of the economic commission for Asia and the Far East were debated by the commission sitting as a committee last night.

Britain proposed that the Metropolitan power should propose such territories for membership while India held the view that the initiative for applying for membership be vested in the territories themselves.

The British proposal listed as territories eligible to become associate members British North Borneo, Brunei and Sarawak, Burma, Ceylon, the Indo-Chinese Federation, Hongkong, the Malayan Union and Singapore and the Netherlands Indies.

NOT REPRESENTATIVE

Mr. R. K. Nehru, India's representative, expressed fears that the Metropolitan power might not pass on an application by an administered territory to become commission member.

Mr. Louis Hyde (United States) suggested a compromise by which non-self-governing territories should themselves apply for membership and that the application be sent to the Metropolitan power, which, if it saw fit, would then propose the territory for membership.

Voting on amendments to the British proposal, the Commission later defeated a Russian motion to permit non-member states to be "admitted" by the Commission as Associate Members. Only Russia, India and Philippines were in favour.

Australia, China, France, the Netherlands, Britain and the United States all voted against, while Siam was absent.

After a Philippine amendment providing for election by the Commission as Associate Members of Asiatic non-self-governing territories was similarly defeated, this time with China abstaining, Mr. Nehru pointedly remarked that all votes against those resolutions came from non-Asiatic countries.

The Commission therefore was not a truly representative body of Asiatic Interest.

NEHRU TO FIGHT ON

Mr. Nehru said he would fight on and on in the Council and at the next Commission meeting until his ultimate aim was achieved.

Sir Andrew Clow, (Great Britain) replied that the vote did not indicate a "struggle" between Asiatic and non-Asiatic countries.

Senor Carlos Romulo of the Philippines, trying to smooth the waters, said: "We are all here representing the interests of the East end of the world. Mr. Nehru's desire is only to continue the fight for greater Asiatic representation on the Commission. I am sure the British are animated by the best intentions in presenting their resolution.

M. Pavel Chernyshev (Russia) supported the Indian stand and said that he also would raise the point in the Economic and Social Commission for an "equitable decision" in favour of the dependent territories in Asia.

The Commission adjourned until to-day.

ANANDAN NAMBIAR'S APPEAL ADMITTED

MADRAS, July 15 (A.P.I.): At the Madras High Court Mr. Justice Rajmannar admitted an appeal preferred on behalf of Mr. K. Anandan Nambiar M.L.A. against his conviction under 124-A (I.P.C.) (sedition) and sentence of 18 months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 1,000 fine passed by the Additional District Magistrate of Trichinopoly.

His lordship also granted bail to the accused pending the disposal of the appeal.

It will be recalled that Mr. Nambiar was prosecuted for alleged sedition in respect of a speech delivered by him in September last year at a workers' meeting at Golden Rock, near Trichinopoly.

Dr. P. P. Pillai To Represent India On U. N. O.

NEW DELHI, July 16

The appointment is announced of Dr. P. P. Pillai, as India's representative to the United Nations, at New York, with the rank of minister.

Dr. Pillai was holding the appointment of Director of the Indian Branch of the International Labour Office, New Delhi. He was Chairman of the Commission which the International Labour Organisation sent out early this year to Asia to study labour conditions there and prepare the ground for the forthcoming Asian Regional Conference. He was also prominently connected with the Asian Relations Conference.

NEW MEDICAL COLLEGE IN C.P.

Minister Advises Students To Cultivate Humanitarian Spirit

NAGPUR, July 15, (API): Dr. S. M. Hasan, Minister for Public Health C. P. and Berar inaugurating the new medical college — the first to be started by the C. P. Government in this province — declared that medical students had before them a wide field for humanitarian work especially in the rural areas of the province. The Government, he said, had decided to give high priority in the provision of medical relief to rural population. The Minister disclosed that on rough calculation it was found at present there was only one doctor for 17,000 souls. He therefore, asked the students to realise the gravity of the situation and prepare themselves to serve rural population. Dr. Hasan advised students to develop a broader outlook of life and make themselves worthy citizens and not allow themselves to be caught in the whirlwind of communalism." "We must regard ourselves as Indians first and Indians last" he remarked.

110 students have been admitted to the Medical College.

"Pakistan And Hindusthan Will Re-Unite Soon"

KARACHI, July 16 (UPI): Haji Moula Bux, M.L.A., brother of the late Mr. Allah Bux, in an interview to the 'United Press of India' predicted that mutual interest would compel Pakistan and Hindusthan to reunite after a year or two after they actually functioned as independent countries. He did not want to launch any movement in that direction as reunion was as sure as day followed night.

Haji Moula Bux welcomed Mr. Jinnah's appointment as Governor-General of Pakistan and felt confident that the minorities in Pakistan would be treated fairly.

He wondered if the Congress choice of Lord Mountbatten was consistent with their quit India policy. In this he, however, saw a deep diplomatic game on the part of the Congress who, he remarked, through Lord Mountbatten would win the world public and attract the Indian States to the Indian Union.

Haji Moula Bux criticised the policy of the Sind Government in inviting non-Sindhi Muslims and giving them preferential treatment. Thus the Muslims of Bihar, the Punjab and other provinces were depriving Sindhi Muslims of their share in services and trade. He feared that the next few years non-Sindhi Muslims might become members of the Sind Assembly to the detriment of the local Muslims. Sind Hindus, he added, were gainers in this respect.

SIKHS DEMAND PUNJAB CANAL COLONIES

Sardar Dalip Singh's Statement

LAHORE, July 15 (API): "We demand the Canal Colonies because we have built them with our sweat and blood. No power on earth can deprive us of the fruits of our labour. Any attempt to deprive us of our share in the Colony Districts will be resisted and resisted to the last", said Sardar Dalip Singh, Secretary of the Panthic Party in a statement to the press today.

Sardar Dalip Singh added: "Nanka Sahib, the birth place of Guru Nanak, is the centre around which lies an area in which the Sikhs form a solid compact bloc. No other community in the Punjab has done more to develop this region than the virile Khalsathe Sikhs". said Sardar Dalip Sing, we are certain that The Boundary Commission could not afford to ignore their just and traditional rights. If counting of heads was the only criterion for effecting political changes, as some of the Muslim Leaguers so glibly assert, then the division of India would never have been contemplated. "Can any one ignore our lands, our homes, our farms and our contribution to the prosperity of these Colony Districts" he asked.

Concluding Sardar Dalip Sing said "It is equally the duty of the British to see that the military grantees, who have settled in these districts, are allowed to enjoy their awards unfettered. Most of them belong to the East Punjab. They refuse to be cut off from their base. Any attempt to deprive us of our share in the colony districts will be resisted and resisted to the last".

Nazimuddin To Be President Of Pakistan C. A.

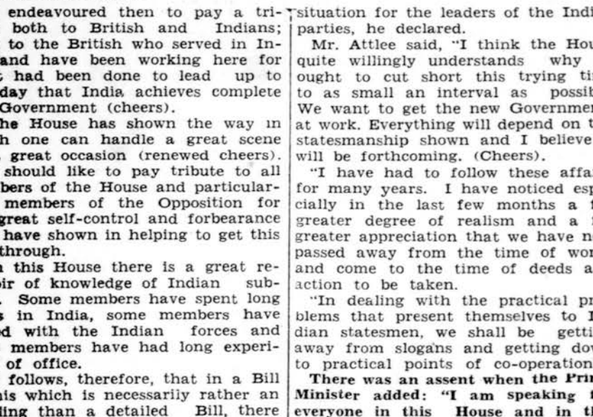
NEW DELHI, July 16, (APA): A well informed Muslim League source said yesterday that Kwaja Nazimuddin, former Premier of Bengal would be the President of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly.

SIND LIFTS EMBARGO ON WHEAT

KARACHI, July 16 (API): The Sind Government has lifted its ten days old embargo on the export of surplus wheat to other provinces it is officially announced today. The first consignment of wheat was dispatched to Delhi yesterday. The embargo has delayed the dispatch of 25,000 tons of wheat.

NAGPUR, July 16, (U. P. I): A decision to start a Berar Defence Fund to facilitate the activities of the Berar Defence Committee was taken at a recent representative meeting of various volunteer organisations Mr. R. S. Rukar presiding.

It was also decided that volunteers should be recruited throughout Maharashtra for defence of Berar.



INDIA TYRES

THE ANTISEPTIC HEALING OINTMENT Germex For Burns, Cuts, Eczema, Itch, Sores, Ringworm, Boils, Bites, Scalds, Rash, Pimples, and other such Skin Ailments.

IS A STRAIGHT LINE

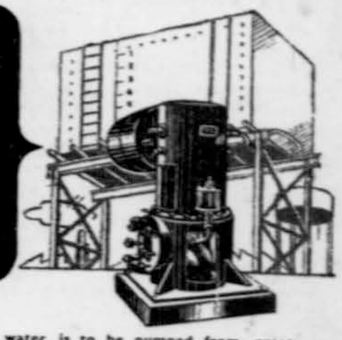
WHICH NEVER FAILS

HEALING... ANTISEPTIC

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM & PHARMACEUTICALS LTD., POST BOX NO. 67, MADRAS

BJK-26

2,00,000 GALLONS AN HOUR!



Where a large quantity of water is to be pumped from great depths, a JYOTI BOREHOLE CENTRIFUGAL PUMP should be on the job. We have a highly specialised line of borehole pumps capable of pumping water upto 2,00,000 gallons an hour. Manufactured in several sizes for 6", 8", 10", 12", 18" & 20" tube wells.

Jyoti Borehole Pumps Are Remarkable for STANDARDISED DESIGN — SCIENTIFIC CONSTRUCTION HIGH EFFICIENCY — LONG LIFE — LOW UPKEEP

Literature free on request.

JYOTI LTD. BARODA

AL. 467

DOCTORS ALWAYS PREFER Vinkola The Ideal Tonic

STANDARD PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS LTD. CALCUTTA

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS FORTNIGHTLY BULLETIN

NOW ON SALE

IF you are *interested* in :

1. Lists of surplus stores for sale, by public opening of tenders, to the highest bidder above a quoted reserve price.
2. Notifications of important auction sales and special sales of selected lines in bulk and mixed quantities.
3. Conditions of sale, the method and last date of tendering.
4. Other information relating to surplus stores.

Then *fill* in the coupon below in English and register yourself as a subscriber. Subscription is Rs. 5/- for six months to be sent in advance by Money Order/uncrossed Postal Order only. Payment by Cheque or Postage Stamps will not be accepted.

A limited number of copies at As. -/8/- each are also available (*for sale in person only*) from Disposals Offices in New Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta, Lahore, Cawnpore, Madras and Karachi

COUPON

CUT HERE ..... CUT HERE

The Director of Publicity,
Directorate-General of Disposals,
Shahjahan Road, NEW DELHI.

Please enrol me as a subscriber for the Disposals Fortnightly Bulletin. Money Order No.———— has been sent to you separately/Postal Order for Rs. 5/- is enclosed herewith, being my subscription for six months.

Name (in Block letters)

Representing Firms

Address (in Block letters)

Town (in Block letters)

Name of Trade Association or Chamber of Commerce

CUT HERE ..... AC 269

Issued by the Directorate-General of Disposals, Industries and Supplies Department, New Delhi.

FURTHER RISE IN STEEL SHARES

Cotton Prices Move Within Narrow Range

BULLION MARKET IMPROVES AFTER QUIET OPENING

BOMBAY, July 16.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly firm today on active buying and short covering in steel shares. It was often pointed out that the market was preparing a broad base for a big upward drive and now the price structure is being built. It is too early to say how far the market will rise as much depends upon declaration of dividends but as usual short sales will provide a strong technical background for a good rise. However occasional setbacks will have to be recorded to keep up healthy state.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened today at Rs. 2,155 and advanced at Rs. 2,190. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 420 and rose at Rs. 427. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1,202/8 and moved at Rs. 1,230. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 664 and hardened at Rs. 675/-.

The market was influenced by talks of increase in the price of Steel and expectations of satisfactory dividends on Tata Steel shares. Alcock shares were in keen demand and the market was firm but towards the close there was some profit-taking which wiped off a portion of early improvement. Tata Steel Defds after advancing to Rs. 2202/8 reacted at Rs. 2175 while Ordinary shares after touching Rs. 429 quietened at Rs. 427. Dyeings were done at Rs. 1225 while Kohinoors reached at Rs. 666. Simplex shares were quoted at Rs. 372 after opening at Rs. 362 while Swadeshi shares after opening at Rs. 670 steadied at Rs. 675. Central Bank shares also after opening at Rs. 100 improved at Rs. 102 while Alcocks firmed up at Rs. 672.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1220 Kohinoor 668 Swadeshi 670 Nagpur 341 Simplex 370 New Great 421 Gokak 341 Indore 610 Century 982/6 Colaba 270 I. Bleaching 610 Swan 372 Finlay 327 Morarji 602/8 Edward 745 Meyer 241/4 Apollo 9/12 I U Ordinary 17/4 I U Defd 3/5/6 Madnusudan 300 Podar 360 Khatau 322/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 426/8 Tata Steel Defd 2185 Second 170

CEMENT.

Associated Merger 183

INDUSTRIES

Burma 537/8 Bellapur 284 Shivrajpur 41/8 Scindia 35/6 Construction 221 Tata Chemical 15 Tata Oil 73/8 Indian Iron 37/6 Bengal Steel 30/6

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord 116/12 Tata Hydro 185 Andhra 1645 Power 1775

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 93 Phoenix 1225 India Manufacturing 3700 Kooria 290 Dawn 1602/4 David 155 New City 235 Minerva 211/14 Bradbury 632/8 Bharucha (Defd.) 8 Bharat 56/4 Mysore 261/8 Madhavji 19 Model 200 Laxmi 1615 Vishnu 635 Western 3600 Standard 505 Sholapur 6125 Sassoon Cotton 19/2 Hindustan 4125 Tata 85 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 78 New Union 18/12 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 260 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 74

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 158/12 (New) 116/4 Surat 243/12 New Prem. 171 Karachi 145 Ajmer 13 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 205 Bombay Suburban 165 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 90

BANK SHARES

Reserve 122 Imperial 2350 P P 580 Central X R 105 Coupon 22 India 240/8 Union 11/8 Baroda 171 Habib 168 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 82/8 Jaipur 60/8 Hindustan Com. 48 Mysore 390 Exchange (Ord) 53 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 5650 Empire 750 New India 83 Jupiter 32/8 Vulcan 15/6 Indian Mercantile 57/8, Universal Fire 18 British India General 22/8 Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 32.

RAILWAYS.

C. P. 108/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 101

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 680 Steamer 576/4 Burma New 192/8 Burma Petrol 4/1/6 Mackenzie 161/4 Port Canning 82 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 105/8 Wimco 929/6 Dharamsely Chemical 34/8 Mukund Iron 11/12 Dena Trust 18 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 65 A.C.C. New 57/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 835

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref) 211/4 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1395 Tata Power 1461/4 Hydro 141/4 Bombay Steamer 315 Nagpur 697/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 815 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 125 Bradbury 540 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 121/8 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 150 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/15/6 BIC 10/1 Burma Corporation 5/2 New Victoria 6 New Victoria Preference 7/8 Raja 39 Phalton 110 Gold Mohor 370 Kaiser-i-Hind 400 Sajjan 290 Osmanshahi 297/8 Ajamshahi 265 Air Services 15 Air India 185 Birla Motor 8/14 Marshal 7/4 I. Steam 15/14

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 16.

After the recent decline the Bullion Market was steady today on short covering.

Ready Silver opened at Rs. 168/12 and advanced at Rs. 169/8 on short covering. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 110/4 and improved at Rs. 110/14. Ready Gold was placed at Rs. 111/3 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 73/4.

Later on the mar ket was steady and final quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	170	0	0
Ready Gold	111	10	0
Forward Gold	111	4	0
Sovereigns	73	8	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 16.

The Cotton Market opened today at Rs. 451 for September delivery and advanced at Rs. 451/12 on scattered covering. At this level there was renewed selling and September declined at Rs. 450/8 and recovered at Rs. 451/4 on short covering. In the face of a rise of about five dollars per bale in American cotton yesterday, the local market remains unaffected which goes to prove that there is something wrong in the local cotton trade.

The market closed at 2-30 p.m. as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Sir Frederick Stones, Senior Director of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd. Closing quotations were as under:—

I.C.C. July	439	8	0
I.C.C. September	451	4	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1741 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, July 16

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
July	440-1/2	439-1/4	439-1/4
Sept.	452-1/4	450	451
Karachi 4F July	49/4/0	48/13/3	49/1/3

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 16

The local produce market was steady today with moderate business.

Castorseeds September delivery after fluctuating between Rs. 155|10 and Rs. 154|10 steadied at Rs. 155|4. May delivery also after moving between Rs. 136|14 and Rs. 135|4 steadied at Rs. 135|12. Linseed July August was quoted at Rs. 30|14 while September October was quoted at Rs. 30|10. Groundnuts were unchanged.

Later on there was renewed buying. Castorseeds September were placed at Rs. 156/12 and May delivery business was done at Rs. 136/12.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 16.

Tata Ordinary 426; Tata Deferred 2185; Indian Iron 37/6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 30/6; Bombay Dyeing 1210; Central India 341/4; Gokak 361/4 Kohinoor 668/2; Simplex 370; Swadeshi 670; Tata Power 1775; Associated Cement 183; Belapur 263/12, Bombay Burma (Old) 537/8; Scindia 35/6; Central Bank 105; New India 83/2; Tata 2nd Pref. 170.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.

THE SCINDIA LINE

BOMBAY-Gwalior—DELHI
Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Return Mon. Wed Fri

BOMBAY, Cawnpore, LUCKNOW
Tuesdays return Fridays

Freight Space available
SCINDIA STEAM NAV CO LTD.

Phones: 21919, 25744, 86236
Telegrams: "AIRTAXIES"

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, July 16.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/11 4/12 4/10/6 4/13 4/12 Bharat 56/4 46/4 B. Dyeing 1202/8 5 1187/8 1225 20 32/8 10 C. India 341 38 47 40 41 E. Textiles 735 50 45 Elphinstone (Old.) 93/8 93 Elphinstone (Pref.) 125 Finlay 327 26 27 22/2 28 26 Gokak 362 58 60 56 63 62 64/8 64 65 61 I. U. (Defd.) 3/5/6 3/4/6 3/6 3/5/6 I. U. (Ord.) 17/6 16/15/6 17/6 17/5/6 17/7 17/4 Indore 625 22/8 37/8 10 Kohinoor 663 62 68 64 74 71 75 70 64 68 Madhusudan 300 Meyer 236/4 41/4 Model 200 Morarji 605 10 7/8 New City 240 35 New Great 424 19 26 21 New Union 18/12 Ex. Div). Podar 36/8 60 Shreenivas 410 400 Sassoon Cotton 19/2 Bharucha (Defd.) 8 Madhowji (Defd.) 18 19 Swadeshi 665 65 73 70 75 66 70 Swadeshi 665 67 60 71 70 75 66 70 Swan 370 73 72 Tata Mills 84/8 85

BANKS.

Baroda 171/8 Central 101 100 105 3 5 Habib 169 68 Imperial (Old) 2316 35 30 50 35 50 Imperial (New) 575 81/4 80 India 240/8 40 40/8 Reserve 121 23 Union 11/5 11/8 U. Commercial 80/8 82/8

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 158/12 B. Tram (Ord.) 116/12 16/8 17 16/12 Hydro 184 85 Hydro (Pref.) 141/4 Power 1775

INSURANCE.

Empire 750 Jupiter 32/8 New India 80/8 81/8 80/8 83 82/8 83 Vulcan 15 15/6 Scindia Steam 36 35/11 36 35/14 35/15 35/6 35/8 35/6

STEEL.

B. Steel 30/2 29/12 30/4 30/2 30/10 30/6 I. Iron 37 36/12 36/11 37/12 37/6 Tata (Defd.) 2160 65 40 70 65 75 70 95 87/8 2205 2180 85 Tata (Ord) 419 23 18 24 23 30 26/8 Tata (IInd Pref.) 169 70 69/8 70

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 675 60 80 75 85 70 80 A. C. C. (Old) 184 81 82/8 82 85/8 83 A. C. C. (New) 57 56/8 57/8 57 57/8 Belapur 285 83 84 83 85 84 B. B. (Old) 549 47/8 27/8 53/12 47/8 52/8 37/8 B. B. (New) 192/8 88/12 92/8 B. B. Petrol 3/15/6 4/1 4/0/9 4/1/6 I. Bleaching 165 61 63 I. I. Trust 105 6 5/8 Port Canning 82 P. Construction 222 19 25 21 Shivrajpur 43 41 41/8 Tata Chemical 15/4 14/16 15/5 15 15/2 15 Tata Oil 73/8 74/4 74 76 75/8 Wimco 800 292/6

SPECIAL.

Kohinoor Coupon 73 72 74 Central Coupon 22/8 22 22/8 Madhusudan Coupon 25

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR ACTIVE.

CALCUTTA, July 16.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today continued steady and active round all sections and a fair business took place at gradually hardening rates. The following are todays final transactions up to 2-00 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 per cent Loan 1986 100, 3 per cent Victory Bonds 1957 102/9, 3 per cent Loan 66/68 102.

BANKS: Bengal Central 12/10, Bank 116, United Commercial 81/8.

COTTONS: Dunbar 308 S. L., Kesoram 22/15 Muir Mills 412 S. L.

COALS: Bengal 637, Bhalgora 18/12, Bhulandararee 16/6, Burrakur 35/12, Central India 13/4, Equitable 56, South Karanpura 37/12, Western Bengal 10/8.

JUTES: Alliance 380, Anglo India 446, Auckland 349, Barnagore 306, Belvedere 605, Howrah 86/8, India 252, Kinnison 433, National 32, Presidency 8/14, Rameshwara 12/2.

ENGINEERINGS: Indian Iron and Steel 37/5, Jessop and Co. 24/12, Kumardhubi Eng. 12/1, Marshals 7, Steel Corporation 30/5, Textile Machinery 10/14.

MISCELLANEOUS: Bisra Stone Lime 55, Burma Corporation 5/3, Consolidated Tin 2/15, Indian Copper 3/14, Karanpura Development 12/6, Tavoy Tin 2/3, Dalmia Cement 11/8, Sone Valley 11/6, Calcutta Electric 30/10, Sone Valley 11/6, New Asiatic Insurance 8/14, Blamer Lawie 400, B.I.C. 10/1, F. and C. Osler 15/13, Insurance 8/14, Balmer Lawrie 400, Henderson 194, Martin Burn 22/8, National Tobacco 49/12, Rohtas Industry 13/4 Ex. Div., B. B. Petrol 4/2, Shree Gopal Paper 14/14, Titaghur Paper 43/15, Midnapore Zemindary 132, Assam Saws 9/7, India General Navgn. 177, India Steamship 15/13.

SUGARS: Balrampore 11/12, Belsund 7/12, Darbhanga 16/9 Carew and Co. 19/2.

TEAS: Bishnauth 44, Hoograjuli 38/4 Ex. Div., Ledo 355, Loobah 13/14.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, July 15

July 2.39-3/4 to 2.39.
September 2.35-1/4 to 2.34-3/4.
December 2.34-1/2 to 2.34.
May 2.30-1/2 to 2.30-1/4.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account pursuant of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 11th day of July,

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	47,95,63,000
Notes in circulation	1217,53,39,000
Total Notes issued	1265,49,02,000
Total Liabilities	1265,49,02,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.224 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
(A) Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
(b) Held outside India	..
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of A	1179,74,34,000
(B) Rupee Coin	27,90,55,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,13,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other comercia lPaper	..
Total Assets	12,65,49,02 000

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00 000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00 000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
((1) Central Government of India	382 63,51,000
(2) Other Government	
Accounts	13,30,26,000
(b) Banks	89,38,06,000
(c) Others	36,81,46 000
Bills Payable	3,08,77,000
Other Liabilities	9,72,41,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	544,84,47,000
Rupee Coin	47 95,63,000
Subsidiary Coin	8,71,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	1,53,000
(a) Internal	...
(b) External	...
(c) Government Treasury Bills	3,41,24,000
)Balances held abroad	412,44 81,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	5,94,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	23,35,000
Investments	69,31,42 000
Other Assets	5,43,75,000
Rupees	544,84,47 000

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, July 16.

Silver Futures Opened 169/10 Highest 169/10 Lowest 167/12 Later 168/1 Gold Futures Opened 111/6 Later 110/12 Quite Guwar Ready 11/7 Bardana Ready Md 81 Asup 82/14 Quiet Gur 181 Shakkar 16/8 Cottonseed 15 Mustardseed 25/6 Oil 64 Oilcake 8/10 Groundnut 15 Oats 10/4 Methi 13 Pulses Arhar 13/10 Urad 21 Moong 17/4 Grains Wheat 22 Gram 16 Barley 12/7 Heas 13/10 Bejhar 14/5 Stocks Wheat 63 Gram 2 Barley 840 Peas 140 Bejhar 9 Arhar 120 Khatties food grains extremely steady.

LONDON SILVER

LONDON, July 15, (U.P.A.): The price of silver on the London market remained unchanged at 39-3/4 pence per ounce for both spot and forward.

Brokers said there was little more buying than yesterday and the market was steady.

NEW YORK SILVER UNCHANGED

NEW YORK, July 15, (U.P.A.): The price of silver remained unchanged at 64-3/4 cents per ounce on the New York market today.

The volume of business done was small, between 100,000 and 300,000 ounces.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, July 15, (U.P.A.): White pepper was quoted on the London market at two shillings and black pepper was quoted at one shilling four pence and one farthing.

Brokers said little buying appeared on small accounts.

WORTH STREET CONCERNED OVER SPIRALLING COTTON PRICES

NEW YORK, July 14. (UPA): Dealings on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market were today dominated by concern regarding the continued spiralling of raw cotton prices. Dealers, who last week had curtailed business as a result of the forward movement in the cotton futures market, were again confronted with a steadily rising market as the new week began.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, July 15.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 pc	20-7/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	109-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	104-3/4
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	116
Victory Bonds 4 pc	118-3/3
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-5/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	116 1/2
National Bank of India	39-1/2

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, July 16.

Coiryarn Beypore 170/180, Quilandy 200/210, Fibre Garbled 155, Ungarbled 150, Cocoanuts Raw 185, Dry 225, Cocoanut Oil 605, Copra Office 400 Dilpasand 420, Madrasnottam 475, Pepper Wynaad 560, Country 550, Dry Ginger Chernad 300, Ernad 280, Coffee Robusta 90, Timber Pali 50/55, Junglewood 27/8/30 Vellapine 40/45, Benteak 48/57/8, Teak 75/85 Mango Planks 3/3/8 Teak 12/18, Rosewood 12/17/8

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 16.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C Rates I. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling I. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying I. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 8th Months

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Months

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 8th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 8th Months

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES

B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs 329

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2 pot under L/C

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs 3550

Paris Banks Buying T. T Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D 79

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. nil

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 157 1/4

Burma Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 100 1/2

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 5/8 to 4.02 3/4.

London Discts 3 mos 17/32%

London Discts 6 mos 9/16-5/8%

Reserve Bank Rate 3% Bank of England Rate 2%

Money:—Call 1/4 pc, 3 Months 1/2 pc, 6 Months 3/4 pc. 12 Months 1-1/4 per bent

Tone: Easy

WALL STREET MARKET BARELY STEADY

NEW YORK, July 15.

Stocks: The profit-taking which started during final dealings yesterday continued this morning bringing fractional declines with selling pressure affecting steels and motors in particular. The reaction is considered largely technical in view of the recent rapid advance in industrials. The offerings soon subsided, however, and leading pivotals rallied fractions to one point with inflationary psychology and an abundance of idle funds mainly responsible for the recovery. The averages were industrials 185.32, and rails 49.88. Dullness developed in the afternoon after early improvement with the majority of traders awaiting President Truman's message on the nation's economic outlook which is scheduled for Wednesday. Leading issues moved unevenly around early morning's recovery to high levels although some special issues, such as department stores and chemicals, reflected improved demand. Recent interest in chemicals was attributed to the maintenance of favourable earnings in the second quarter together with optimism over future prospects. Meanwhile analysts continue to seek further technical correction although sentiment is still predominantly bullish with a number of latter factors including 1,500,000,000 terminal papy for ex-servicemen, world bank European spending and the vast amount of idle money seeking investment. Towards the close, selling pressure increased particularly against steel shares, and prices declined up to one point on a fairly broad front, although some motors displayed good resistance to the setback. The market closed barely steady.

	dol.
American Telephone & Telegraph	158-1/8
Amerex Holding Co.	30-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	37-5/8
Chase National Bank	34-3/4
Sinclair Oil	16-1/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	54-1/2
General Electric Co.	38-1/8
General Motors	60-5/8
Ingersol Rand	126-1/2
International Nickel	32-3/8
National City Bank of New York	39-3/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	16-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	17
Texas Corporation	54-1/4
Union Cabon & Carbide	109 3/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	50
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	75
Western Union Telegraph	23-1/2

Over Subscription For World Bank

NEW YORK, July 15 (U.P.A.): Officials of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development reported a nation-wide response to the first offering of the bank's bonds.

Mr. Fleetwood Dunstan, Director of marketing for the world bank said the offering had been heavily over subscribed and the subscription books closed.

LONDON BULLION.

London, July 15.

Silver Spot 39-3/4 cents., Silver Forward 39-3/4 cents. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, July 15.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B 103 July-August.

Brisk Trading And Rising Prices Of U. S. Cotton

NEW YORK, July 15, (U. P. A.): Brisk trading and rising prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange as trading in July delivery trading expired at a level 503 points above October.

Leading spot firms controlled the July situation right to the finish. Sixty-eight notices were taken up by spot interests on the theory that October is now too far below spot prices and that the gap will narrow progressively until notice day. Mills were more insistent buyers of new crops, particularly May and July. The demand was encouraged by the belief that industry again faces a tight statistical position through the new season and the supply pinch will be felt most toward the end of next season.

INVESTMENT SUPPORT.

New investment buying was attracted on all declines on the inflationary psychology and the belief that administration attempts to talk down prices will be disregarded. President Truman's address tomorrow on the economic situation is expected to stress the inflationary swing and the executive is expected to urge price reductions.

One broker was an accredited buyer for 15,000 bales to replace holdings liquidated in the recent run-up of July to a 27-year high.

The market opened two higher to 21 lower. It swayed irregularly until near mid-session when July gained ahead to go off the board at 32.98. The market closed from 89 to 102 points higher. With the expiration of July, traders were turning more attention to crop developments and new crop prices.

Mr. William Garrard, General Manager of the Staple Cotton Co-operative Association, urged growers not to hedge on the anticipated new crop production. He said, "we feel with our own floor prices, which we may reasonably anticipate at 27 /3/4 to 28 cents and with so many inflationary factors, we are fairly well assured of high prices for cotton another season."

CARRYOVER ESTIMATE.

The Department of Agriculture estimates the carryover on next August 1st at about 2,600,000 bales. The Department estimates domestic consumption plus exports will total 13,400,000 bales from the total supply of 16,000 000 bales. The department estimates the new season supply at about 14,000,000 bales based on the prospective carryover plus the estimated new production on an acreage of 21,389,000 acres using the five year average yearly.

The New York Cotton Exchange Service Bureau today estimated the total consumption of all cotton in the United States in June at 755,000 bales against 828,000 bales in May and 793,000 bales in June last year.

The new Brazilian crop is estimated by private sources around 173,000 metric tons compared with the previous forecast of 182,000 tons.

Apart from technical setbacks, traders were of the opinion that the market is headed for still higher levels

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, July 15.

October	33.79-80
October highest	34.81-91
October lowest	33.11—23
December	34.00+02
January	33.54+00
March	33.60+05
May	33.20+100
July	32.30+102
Middling Spot	39.69+.82

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

October	34.72+85
December	33.93+88
March	32.51+90
May	33.12+85
Middling Spot	38.75+85

(1) FOR SALE AT REDUCED PRICES LARGE QUANTITY OF NEW AMERICAN PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT: Still, Motion, Aerial and Process type cameras, enlargers, printers, dryers, 16 m.m. and 35 m.m. still and motion projectors, photographic and cinematographic film, bromide, chloride, chloro-bromide paper, aerial film and paper, portable and standard laboratory and film developing plants, lenses, filters, trays, timers, camera repair kits and accessories of all types. All these goods are stored in air conditioned warehouses. Apply Sales Manager, Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur Air Depot, 24, Parganas, Bengal. Tel. No.: Cal 3081-87. Telegram: Tatacraft. Titaghur Air Depot.

(2) FOR SALE AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES LARGE QUANTITIES OF AMERICAN RADIO AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT: Aircraft receivers and transmitters, test equipment, oscilloscopes, frequency meters, test sets, and large quantities of components, coils, condensers, valves, dynamotors, resistances, tuning shafts, etc. Apply Sales Manager, TATA AIRCRAFT LTD., Titaghur Air Depot, 24, Parganas, Bengal. Tel. No.: Cal. 3081-87. Telegram: Tatacraft, Titaghur.

(348)

'ASPRO' is here!

REFUSE CLEVER IMITATIONS, SEE THAT THE WORD 'ASPRO' IS ON EVERY TABLET.

'ASPRO' STOPS PAIN & FEVER IN 10 MINUTES. IT DOES NOT HARM THE HEART OR STOMACH.

'ASPRO' CONTROLLED PRICES AS.1 PER PACKET OF 3 TABLETS. AS.10 PER PACKET OF 30 TABLETS.

Even a Child can Safely take 'ASPRO'

Distributors— J. L. MORISON, SON & JONES (India) LTD. P. O. BOX 188, BOMBAY (Phone 30958) and Branches.

'ASPRO' IS SOLD EVERYWHERE

You can rely on USCO Hurricane Lanterns... they are built for hard service. Being heavily plated, USCO lanterns never rust, last for years, are reasonably priced.

'USCO' LANTERNS... They'll never fail you!

The efficiency and durability associated with USCO Hurricane Lanterns are also incorporated in the USCO Wall Lamp. It takes only a moment to turn this wall lamp into a table lamp.

Wholesale and agency inquiries to:

FAR EASTERN SYNDICATE LTD.

20 Forbes Street Fort Bombay

MUTT AND JEFF—Well That Certainly Looks Like A Legitimate Deduction — By BUD FISHER

BEING CONNECTED WITH THE INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT, I THOUGHT I'D DROP IN AND HELP YOU WITH YOUR INCOME TAX REPORT, JEFF!
OH, FINE, GUS!
YOU'RE SINGLE, OF COURSE! NOW, WHAT WAS YOUR TOTAL INCOME FOR 1945?
TOTAL INCOME-- $1,560
NOW, DID YOU HAVE ANY LOSSES IN 1945?
LOSSES? JUST A MINUTE! I'LL FIND OUT!
MUTT, WHAT'S THE CHANCES OF GETTIN' BACK THE FORTY BUCKS I LENT YOU LAST YEAR?
WHAT FORTY BUCKS?
LOSSES, FORTY DOLLARS!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

138303

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

A Sikh (shaven) Army Major, Pre-war Regular King's Commissioned Officer, age 28 wants immediate marriage, pretty educated girl. Write Box No. 6379, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for a leading Motor Company, Gas Welders, Spot welders, Metal finisher, Electric welders, Spray painters Assembly and engine men, and Mechanics. Only experienced persons need apply to Box 4455 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted the following qualified and experienced staff: (1) Storekeeper salary upto Rs. 125|- p.m. (2) Cane Supervisors salary upto Rs. 60|- p.m. (3) Stores Assistants salary upto Rs. 75|- p.m. (4) Sales and Accounts Assistants salary upto Rs. 100|- p.m. (5) Assistants for Time-Keeper's office salary upto Rs. 75|- p.m. Plus dearness allowance as per Company's scale in each case. Apply with full particulars and testimonials to The Kesar Sugar Works Limited, Baheri, District Bareilly, U.P. (4428)

Wanted a man with First-Class knowledge of Urdu, Hindi and English for translations. Please do not apply unless your knowledge of these three languages is unquestionably thorough and of current usage. Good salary, excellent prospects for go-ahead man. Apply to Box No. 4446 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

National Homoeopathic Medical College — Navsari — opening 15th July. Admission to Matriculates upto 1st August. Hostel accommodation four years' course H.M.B. For prospectus apply Principal. (6489)

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers; Company Secretaries; Accountants and General Commerce etc. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 6515

ISEC Homestudy Courses. Pass recognised examinations in every branch of Engineering, Technology, Commerce, Actuarial, Competitive (Federal) and Cambridge. Success guaranteed under India's ablest Professors. Get your Free "Successful Careers in the India of Tomorrow" (Foreword by Sir M. Visvesvaraya) from Secretary, Post Box 1173|Y, Bombay, 1, mentioning profession interested. (6443)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Free—God's Gift Medicine for Piles. V. P. Charges annas -/10/- only. Please write in English. Menaka Debi, 19, Surendra Nath Banerji Road, Calcutta. 6311

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Ice Plant, for Immediate Sale, one 25 ton Ammonia Compressor by Messrs. L. Stern & Co., Ltd., of Glasgow, with 100 B.H.P. electric Motor, R.P.M. 730, by Messrs. Crompton Parkinson, England. For full particulars, apply to A. Majeed Paul, Catering Contractor, N. S. Railway, Secunderabad, Deccan. (6492)

Lancashire Boiler: Make Yates & Thoms, size 30' x 8½' x 160 lbs. pressure complete with mountings, feed pump, super-heater and economiser available ex stock with the Western Manufacturing Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay 1. (6512)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Several Villages and small and big areas for Cultivation in purely Hindu Areas in U.P. near Delhi. Excellent chance for Pakistani Hindus to settle down and make new home. For full particulars correspond immediately with Pandit Lakshmi Chand Sharma Lumberdar, Village, Surjaoli, P.O. Saleempur, Distt. Bulandshahr U. 6508

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

For your requirements in G. G. Brand Fruit Squashes, Fruit Syrups, Jams, Marmalade, Chutnies Tomato Products, Fruit Vinegar, Toffees and Wooden Toys. Please contact G. G. Products Sales Depot. 190, Kitab Mahal, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (4014)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure Silk and Woollen Cloth order. Terms Liberal and Free. Apply Western Textiles, Ludhiana. (6396)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted a Kandivli full termer for P. T., from November. Apply Principal, G. T. High School, Bombay 2. 6509

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Superior Mango, lichi and other fruit grafts ready. Plantation recommended. Season suitable catalogue free. Green Nursery, Muzaffarpore (B). (6471)

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/- Fluorescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

OUDH TIRHUT RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

1. SEALED TENDERS are invited for the construction of the following buildings and will be received by the undersigned upto 14-00 hours on the 31st August. 1947.

Serial No.	Name of work & station where to be constructed.	Approximate labour cost only.	Approximate labour plus material cost complete.
		Rs.	Rs.
1.	Constructing a new station building at Mansi (Bihar).	27,000|-	81,000|-
2.	Dismantling the existing station building at Mahindrughat (Bihar) and constructing a new building.	43,000|-	1,28,000|-
3.	Remodelling station building Lucknow Junction (U.P.)	1,12,000|-	3,35,000|-
4.	Constructing a new station building Mailani (U.P.)	30,000|-	90,000|-

2. The contractors may submit two alternate tenders:-
(i) for the labour for constructing the buildings excluding the cost of the materials which will be supplied by the Railway.
(ii) for the construction of the buildings including both the labour and the supply of all the materials complete.

3. Any contractor who is unable to supply steel or cement may also mention this in his tender. They will then be arranged by this Administration.

4. Tender documents can be had from the office of the Chief Engineer, Gorakhpur, between 10 A.M. and 4-30 P.M. except on Sundays and holidays on payment of Rs. 5|- per copy. The cost of tender documents will not be refunded in any circumstances.

5. Tenderers not in possession of the "Book of Instructions for the guidance of contractors, etc," which will form part of the contract documents should deposit a further sum of Rs. 2|- and a book of Standard Schedule of rates can also be had on payment of Rs. 2|8|- per copy.

6. The rates should be quoted in figures and words as "Schedule Rates" or as percentage above or below the schedule rates.

7. No tender will be considered without deposit of earnest money which should be deposited with the F.A. & Chief Accounts Officer, O.T. Railway, Gorakhpur, either in cash or approved bond @ Rs. 5|- % of the total value of the tender and the receipt number quoted in the tender.

CHIEF ENGINEER,
Oudh Tirhut Railway.
(4425)

THE SENTINEL ASSURANCE COMPANY LTD., BOMBAY
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 12TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Sentinel Assurance Co. Ltd., Bombay, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 317-321, Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on the 7th August, 1947, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:
(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the period ending 31st December, 1946.
(2) To sanction the Declaration of Dividend.
(3) To elect three directors in place of those who retire but being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact such other business as may be brought forward before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 1st August, 1947 to 16th August, 1947 both days inclusive.

By order of the Board
of Directors,
KALYANBHAI SARABHAI JAVERI,
General Manager.
Bombay, 17th July, 1947.

NOTICE

The Offices of
AMRIT BANASPATI CO., LTD.,
and
THE NEW PRALHAD MILLS, LTD.,
have been SHIFTED fom the 14th July, 1947, to:
EAST & WEST BUILDING,
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay,
and all communications may please be addressed accordingly.
4458

BOMBAY SALES TAX
NOTICE

DEALERS in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District are informed that with effect from MONDAY, 21ST JULY, 1947, payments of Sales Tax may be made either at the RESERVE BANK OF INDIA or at the local HEAD OFFICE OF THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA, Apollo Street, Bombay. Payments into the Imperial Bank of India will be treated as payments into a Government treasury for all purposes under the Bombay Sales Tax Act and Rules.

To facilitate the expeditious disposal of work by the Banks, dealers are requested to tender the EXACT AMOUNTS payable by them.
4410

GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT
B. B. & C. I. RLY.

QUOTATIONS returnable by 16 hrs. on 24-7-47, are invited on Railway's form for the supply of the following commodities from the merchants possessing the necessary trade licences.

For quantities, terms and deliveries and other condition please apply to the Asst. Controller Grainshops, Church Gate, Bombay at any time during working hours

Earnest Money amounting to 5% of the total value tendered for should be deposited with the Treasurer Broad Guage, Bombay, and the receipt thereof, attached to the tender form.

COMMODITIES.
1. Pulses.
2. Edible Oils
3. Spices.
4. Potato
5. Onion
(4437)

"DISPOSALS"
WITHDRAWAL OF LOTS 124-162, PAGES 16-18 FROM BULLETIN NO. 4.

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER of Disposals Bombay, announces with regret that due to unforeseen circumstances the whole of the lots advertised for sale in Bulletin No. 4 dated 16th July, 1947, have been withdrawn from sale.

Office of the
Regional Commissioner (Disposals)
Graham Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.
4461

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY
SALE OF EMPTY CARDBOARD CARTONS

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the purchase of empty cardboard cartons of whole milk powder of approximate dimensions, 1 foot 7 inches in length, 1 foot 1 inch in breadth and 7 inches in height.

Samples can be seen at the Separated Milk Powder Depot at the Cricket Club of India, Churchgate, Bombay.

The last date for receipt of tenders is Friday the 25th July 1947 and no tender received after 5 P.M. on that date will be considered.

Full details of the terms and conditions can be had free from the office of the undersigned.

D. N. KHURODY,
Milk Commissioner,
Bombay.
Office of the Milk Commissioner Wellington Cinema Building, Dhobi Talao.
Bombay, 15th July 1947.
4454

HYDROSULPHITE OF SODA

HYDROSULPHITE OF SODA, in 90% concentration. Manufactured by Rohm & Haas Co., Philadelphia PA, U.S.A.

We can book indents for HYDROSULPHITE OF SODA for shipment before 30th September, 1947. Interested parties holding licences, please contact soon, Post Box No. 256 Bombay. 4453

THE INDIAN GLOBE INSURANCE CO. LIMITED.
NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Meeting of the Policy-holders of the Indian Globe Insc. Co., Ltd. Bombay proposed to be held on 30th August, 1947 as previously announced has been CANCELLED We have received only three applications from the eligible candidates for the three seats of the Directors to be elected. There being therefore, no necessity of holding election, the proposed meeting is cancelled and under Section 48 of the Insurance Act 1938 the following candidates are declared elected:—
1. Mr. Navnitlal C. Javeri
2. Mr. Laxmidas Mulraj Khatau.
3. Mr. Durgaprasad S. Laskari.

By Order of the
Board of Directors
(Sd.) VIJAYSINH GOVINDJI,
Managing Director.
The Indian Globe Insurance Co. Ltd.
Date 17-7-47.
4466

B.B. & C.I. RLY.
No. TLP|18.
Asstt. Controller's Office,
(Grainshop Deptt.)
Dohad, Dated 14th July, 1947.
TENDER NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED on the prescribed form No. G.S. 203 for the purchase of the following:—

Commodity	Quantity required in the B. Mds. for:— Dohad	Godhra
Charcoal dry, screened and free from dust. Only large pieces not passing through 3|4" mesh will be supplied packed in Gunny Bags, and should be of heavy quality.	3000	500
Firewood, mixed dry and split, not more than 3' long and 4" in diameter and consist of Baboo, Dhavra Kher & Sag. A large proportion of Sag quality of Firewood will not be accepted.	3000	250

N.B.—Sealed tenders superscribed "TENDERS" should reach this office by 12-00 hours on 23-7-1947.

Supplies to be made by 28-7-1947.

Tenders will not be considered unless License No is given.

Note—Old Deposits will not be considered. Fresh deposits must be made, otherwise tenders will not be considered

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the Asstt. Controller, Grain Shop Deptt. Freelandgunj, Dohad, on application.

ASSTT. CONTROLLER,
Grainshops, DOHAD.
(4445)

B. B. & C.I. RLY.
NO. T-LP|17
Asstt. Controller's Office,
(Grainshop Deptt.)
Dohad, Dated 14th July, 1947.
TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED on the prescribed form No. G.S. 203 for the purchase of the following:—

Commodity	Quantity required in the B. Mds. for:— Dodhad	Godhra
Barley	800	200
Chowli	20	5
Moth	30	30
Vatana	200	50
Urad Dal	200	175
Groundnut oil	700	300
Til Oil	150	——
Red Chillies	125	40
Dry Cocoanut	130	40
Haldi	20	6
Jeera	8	——
Black Murich	6	4
Garlic	20	——
Onions	700	100
Potatoes	500	100
Masoor Dal	——	200
Masoor Whole	——	40
Moong Dal	200	40

N.B.—Sealed tenders superscribed "TENDERS" should reach this office by 12-00 hours on 23-7-1947, along with sealed samples (1 lb. of each).

Supplies to be made before 28-7-1947.

Potatoes and onions to be supplied as and when required.

Note—Old Deposits will not be considered. Fresh deposits must be made, otherwise the tender will not be considered.

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the Asstt. Controller, Grain Shop Deptt., Freelandgunj, Dohad.

ASSTT. CONTROLLER,
of Grainshops, DOHAD.
4444

WANTED.

AN ENGINEER in the District Local Board, Nasik. Those who have passed the B.E. or R.C.E. or any corresponding examination and have actual experience of the execution of road and building works for at least one year need only apply before 31-7-47, stating age, qualifications and experience, with copies of testimonials. The scale of the post is Rs. 170-10-250-E.B. 15-400-E.B. 20-500 with monthly permanent travelling allowance of Rs. 200/- provided a car is maintained. Persons with higher qualifications or experience will be given higher pay than the minimum but not above the efficiency bar.

B. S. HIRAY,
President,
District Local Board, Nasik.
4460

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client GANESH DAS SETH, son of LALA GAJJO MALL SETH, has no interest in the activities of JEET PRODUCTIONS. He was a partner in the said JEET PRODUCTIONS only for the picture PARVANA which is already completed, sold and released.

Dated at Bombay this 15th day of July, 1947.

KAMDAR & CO.,
Attorneys for Ganesh Das Seth, son of Lala Gajjo Mall Seth.
4457

G.I.P. RLY. TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 28-7-47 for the supply of Agmark Ghee (Red Seal) from 1-8-47 at the Railway's Godown at Bhusaval and Manmad. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.
4451

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 1086 of 1947.

MANEKCHAND GULABCHAND of Bombay Marwadi Hindu Inhabitant, carrying on business at Vithalbhai Patel Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

versus.

1. YESHWANT DAYANATH CHOGLE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, at present residing at Malad, Bombay Suburban District. (2). SANTOSHKUMAR YESHWANT CHOGLE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant a minor under the age of 18 years by his guardian-ad-litem. (3). CHANDRAKANT DAYANATH CHOGLE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant at present residing at Malad, Bombay Suburban District. (4). LAHU CHANDRAKANT CHOGLE of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant a minor under the age of 18 years by his guardian-ad-litem. (5). PARVATIBAI DAYANATH CHOGLE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant at present residing at Malad, Bombay Suburban District, (6). JEHANGIR MERWANJI TIJORIWALLA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, carrying on business at Dean Lane, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants.

To,
THE CREDITORS OF YESHWANT DAYANATH CHOGLE, The 1st Defendant abovenamed.

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Tendulkar on 18th day of April, 1947, Notice is hereby given under Order 1 Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that a suit has been filed in this Honourable Court by the abovenamed Plaintiff on behalf of himself and all other Creditors of the abovenamed first Defendant for the following prayers:—

(a) That the partition of the Joint Family properties alleged to have been effected between Defendants 1 to 5 may be set aside.

(b) That in the alternative it may be declared that the said partition is not binding upon the Creditors of the 1st Defendant and does not in particular affect the Plaintiff's rights under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 7th July, 1945.

(c) That it may be declared that the right, title, and interest of 1st defendant in the two properties mentioned in the Plaint is validly charged and mortgaged in favour of the Plaintiff.

(d) That it may be declared that a sum of Rs. 10,000|-|- together with interest thereon at the rate of Rs. 1|8|- per cent per Gujrati month from 7th July 1945 is due and owing by the 1st defendant to the Plaintiff at the foot of the said Mortgage.

(e) That in default of payment of the said amount with further interest on the said sum of Rs. 10,000|- at the rate of Rs. 1|8|- per cent per Gujrati month, costs of the suit and interest thereon at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on or before such date as may be fixed by this Honourable Court the 1st defendant's right, title and interest in the said two properties or a sufficient part thereof may be sold by and under the directions of this Honourable Court subject to the Mortgage in favour of Hirachand Jawanmal and Himatmal Jasraj referred to in the Plaint and Defendants 6, 7 and 8 and the net sale proceeds may be applied in payment of the said amounts with further interest thereon at the rate of 4 per cent per annum from the said date till payment.

(f) That in the event of a deficit liberty may be reserved to the Plaintiff to apply for a personal Decree against the 1st Defendant.

(g) That for purposes aforesaid all inquiries may be made, orders passed, accounts taken and directions given

(h) That pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit defendants 3 to 5 their servants and agents may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from in any manner dealing with or otherwise disposing of any of the Joint Family properties alleged to have been allotted to them as their respective share on the said partition or which may otherwise may be in their possession, and

(i) That such other and further reliefs may be Granted to this Hon'ble Court may seem just and proper

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the said suit has been fixed for Monday the 25th day of August. 1947.

Dated this 18th day of June, 1947.
K. K. DASTUR.
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.
(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN IYER.
This 18th day of June, 1947.
Messrs. AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
4456

G.I.P. RLY. TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 1 P.M. on 28-7-47 for the supply of Onions and Potatoes at the Railway's Grainshops in Bhusaval Division in August, 1947. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above Office.
4452

THE CROWN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy Nos. 295.436 & 295.437, on the life of Ramnath Madhavdas Rastogi, duplicate policies will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

T. W. BROUGH
Manager for India & Ceylon.
Date 16-7-47.
Fazalbhoy Building,
Fort, Bombay.
4459

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 1311 of 1947

(1) CHHOTALAL NARANDAS CHAIWALLA, (2) GANPAT RAM KRIPARAM ARYA, (3) VALLABHADAS KALIDAS MEHTA, (4) DHARMDATTA SHARMA, (5) RAGHUVIRSINGH BERRY, the first three Plaintiffs being of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing respectively at C. P. Tank, Kalbadevi Road and Kumbharwada, outside the Fort of Bombay and being members of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, being a Society registered under the Societies Registration Act, XXI of 1860 except the Defendants and the last two Plaintiffs being of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants residing respectively at Khar and Santa Cruz, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs

versus

(1) VIJAYSHANKAR MULSHANKAR JANI, President of the Arya Samaj, Bombay Kakadwadi, as representing the said Society of Arya Samaj, Bombay, (2) VIJAYSHANKAR MULSHANKAR JANI, (3) JAMUBHAI P. KAKU, (4) SABHAJIT MISHRA, the Defendants 2 to 4 of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants respectively residing at Khetwadi, Vithalbhai Patel Road and Jacob Circle, outside the Fort of Bombay, the Defendants 2, 3, 4 being members of the Managing Committee of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, on behalf of themselves and all the other members of the Managing Committee of the Society of the Arya Samaj registered under the Societies Registration Act XXI of 1860 ..... Defendants

To,
The Members of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, and the Members of the Managing Committee of the Arya Samaj, ombay.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by an order made by this Hon'ble Court under Order 1, Rule 8 of the Civil Procedure Code the Plaintiffs have been granted leave to file their suit for themselves and on behalf of the members of the Arya Samaj, Bombay, except the Defendants against the Defendants abovenamed for themselves and on behalf of the Managing Committee of the said Arya Samaj, Bombay, for the following reliefs:—

(a) That it may be declared that the resolutions, dated 18th April, 1947 and the resolution passed on or about 25th April, 1947, mentioned in the plaint herein (in pursuance of which a Meeting of the General Body is to be held on 11th day of May, 1947, for election of Office Bearers and members of the Managing Committee) are 'ultra vires' and in fraud of minority and against principal of natural justice and that the same be declared null and void and should be set aside.

(b) That pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit the defendants, their servants and agents may be restrained by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court from acting on the said resolutions or carrying the same into effect and from holding any general meeting of the Society on 11th May, 1947, or any other date for the election of the office bearers or members of the managing committee or for any other purposes till further order of the Court.

(c) That the Defendants personally may be ordered to pay the Plaintiffs costs of the suit or that the same may be otherwise provided for.

(d) That the Plaintiffs may have such further and other reliefs as the nature of the case may require.

AND FURTHER NOTICE is hereby given that hearing of the suit is fixed for 11th August. 1947.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1947.
K. K. DASTUR,
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.
CHHATRAPATI & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
A. R. M. IYER.
This 16th day of July, 1947.
(4468)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.
THE NEW SWASTIK LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay 1.

NOTICE of loss of Policies No. 2736, 2737, 2738 & 2739 on the life of Mr. Shivram Ganesh Arurkar of Bombay having been given duplicate policies will be issued by the Company unless objections are lodged within one month.

J. M. MEHTA,
Secretary.
4448

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
METRE GAUGE AIR CONDITIONED COACHES.

WITH EFFECT from WEDNESDAY, 16th July, 1947, the air conditioned service between Ajmer and Delhi, in both directions, will be DISCONTINUED temporarily until further notice.
4467

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAI FATMABAI widow of Ahmed Moosa has contracted to sell to our client her property, situate at Upper Mahim and more particularly described in the Scheduled hereunder written

All persons having any claim or interest of any nature whatever in the said property are hereby requested to communicate the same in writing to the undersigned within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY

All that piece of Pension and Tax land bearing Collector's Rent Roll No 1062, Collector's last Rent Roll No. 4064, Laughton's Survey No. 1|127 and Cadastral Survey No. 769 of Mahim Division together with the structures standing thereon, situate at Upper Mahim without the Fort and in registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 4247 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 5728, 5729 (1), 5729 (2), 5729 (3), 5729 (4) and Street Nos. 204, 205, 205A, 205B and 205C and bounded, on the East by the property of Vassanji Premji Dalal, on the West by the property of Chhotalal Javeri on the North by the property of Shapoorji Framroz Aga and on the South by the public passage.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1947.
SABNIS GOREGAOKER & SENJIT
Purchaser's Attorneys.
41A, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.
4462

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
Insolvency No. 86 of 1947

Re: RAMDAS MANILAL CHOKSEY, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, carrying on business in the firm name and style of Bombay Textile Stores at 22, Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay: ..... A Debtor.
ex parte: R. N. RUSTOMJI ..... Petitioning Creditor

On the Petition of the abovenamed Petitioning Creditor presented on the 12th day of July, 1947, an order was made on the 15th day of July, 1947, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1947.
SAROSH H. A. VAKIL,
Insolvency Registrar.
4464

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for letters of Administration of the property and credits of MIR BADUR SHERBADUR of Bombay Pathan Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Taxicab owner, who resided at Patca Mansion, 2nd Floor, Room No. 37, Bhendy Bazaar, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

Bai GULABABIBI, widow of the said Mir Badur Sherbadur of Gandialbala in District Kohat North West Frontier Provinces, Pathan Mahomedan Inhabitant at present temporarily residing at Patca Mansion, 2nd Floor, Room No. 37 Bhendy Bazaar, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 4th day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA
Prothonotary & Senior Master.
(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR
Sealer.
The 4th day of July, 1947.
Messrs. MEHTA LALJEE & CO.
Petitioners' Attorneys.
4465

(For further Notices see Page 12)

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.